CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Prepared by: Finance Department Leroy Kowalik, Director of Finance

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Live Oak 8001 Shin Oak Drive Live Oak, Texas 78233

Dear Mayor and Members of City Council:

The City of Live Oak, Texas, is required to publish each year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Live Oak (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City and deems the enclosed data to be accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of all City activities and funds. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The City also acknowledges all disclosures that are necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by ABIP, P.C., a firm of licensed public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2013 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As required by GAAP, management has provided a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statement in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A, and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City is a home-rule city that was incorporated in 1960 and is located 17 miles northeast of downtown San Antonio. At September 30, 2013, the City has a land area of approximately 5.5 square miles and an estimated population of 13,301. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City has adopted a Council-Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing Council that is comprised of a Mayor and five Council members. The Mayor and Council members are all elected at large for a two-year term. Elections are staggered with the Mayor and two Council Members elected together (year 2014) and the three remaining members in 2015. The City Manager is appointed by the Council and is responsible for implementing council policy and day-to-day operations of the City.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including public safety (police and fire protection); residential and commercial solid waste sanitation services (through a franchise agreement with Waste Management), water and wastewater services, public improvements, repair and maintenance of infrastructure, recreational and community activities and general administrative services. Transportation, treatment and disposal of sewage are provided under separate contracts with the San Antonio River Authority, Cibolo Creek Municipal Authority and San Antonio Water System (see Note 9, Commitment and Contingencies, pages 46-47 of the notes to the financial statement). The City provides water service to most of the City, with the San Antonio Water System providing water service to the remaining portion of the City.

The City is a principal in the City of Live Oak Incremental Reinvestment Zone #1 for partial funding of tax increment financing and infrastructure improvements for the Woodcrest Residential Development (see Note 9, Commitments and Contingencies, pages 46-47 of the notes to the financial statement).

The City of Live Oak Economic Development Corporation (LOEDC) is focused on building economic prosperity in the City of Live Oak. The LOEDC is funded through a half cent Section 4B Sales Tax. The LOEDC and the City of Live Oak have both a financial and operational relationship which requires that the LOEDC's financial statements be blended into the City's financial statements. In addition, the LOEDC provides services entirely to the City of Live Oak and is material to the City's operations.

An annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments are required to submit requests for appropriations in May/June of each year. The City's Finance Director and City Manager use these requests as a starting point in developing a proposed budget. During the months of July and August, weekly workshops are held with City Council members present. Public hearings for the budget are held in late August and early September.

The budget must provide a complete financial plan for all city funds for the ensuing fiscal year showing:

- a. All outstanding obligations
- b. Cash on hand to each fund
- c. The funds received from all sources and funds available from all sources
- d. The estimated revenue to cover the proposed budget
- e. The estimated tax rate required
- f. Proposed capital additions and deletions along with methods of financing them
- q. The total proposed expenditure shall not exceed the total estimated income

According to the city charter, the Council shall adopt the budget on or before the $20^{\rm th}$ day of the last month of the fiscal year currently ending.

At any time during the fiscal year, the manager may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance among programs within a fund or department. Upon written request by the manager, the Council may transfer part of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one fund or department to another. Every appropriation, except an appropriation for a capital expenditure, shall lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent that it has not been expended or encumbered.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The information presented in the financial statements are perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Live Oak operates.

The City is located at the center of one of the state's most active growth areas. It is adjacent to the City of San Antonio, the second largest city in Texas. The City has a close proximity to major airports and major military bases. The City is also strategically located at one of the busiest intersections in the San Antonio area being the Interstate 35 and Loop 1604 intersection. Its convenient location along the boundaries of Interstate 35, a major transportation artery, continues to have a positive impact to the City.

The decision to adopt a sales tax for the Economic Development Corporation in 1996 has transformed the City from a modest community in the 1990's into one of the most prosperous communities in the Randolph AFB Metrocom area. The Metrocom area is the northeast portion of the San Antonio metropolitan area which consists of several suburban cities around Randolph AFB. Growth in this area is reflective of the strength of our key economic clusters that include healthcare, education, retail, and services. With the continued planned expansions of several current commercial developments and several new upcoming commercial developments, these economic sectors will continue to be the base of our economy.

Despite the continued global and national economic uncertainty, the City and surrounding Metrocom area had another prosperous year. Although this area cannot say it did not feel the struggles of the economy over the last several years, Texas and more precise, the San Antonio area, has weathered the pitfalls of uncertainties in the economy. This area continued to perform better than many areas around the nation. The City enjoyed several grand openings of retail and food establishments in 2013 with more to come in 2014. Northeast Lakeview College, with their Alamo University Center, continued to offer over 20 undergraduate and graduate degree programs under one roof from five major universities. The Alamo University Center establishes Live Oak as a major hub for educational opportunities. The Judson Early College Academy (JECA) offers students with an opportunity

to not only earn their high school degree, but they will have also earned an equivalent to an associate's degree as well. Students will have the ability to transfer these college credits to almost any college of choice. Northeast Lakeview College has a plan to become a major, higher education player for the region in the future with over 15,000 students. The Eagle Ford Shale development, one of the nation's biggest oil and natural gas fields, has provided a tremendous economic impact to neighboring counties that has spilled over into this area.

Other economy indicators such as the unemployment rate and housing permits have remained positive in this area as compared to the national level. The City's residential subdivisions are almost at build out. A second phase to one of the City's high-end apartment facilities was completed which basically doubled its size. Sales tax receipts throughout the year saw higher levels than last year. At year end, sales tax revenue came in just over budget. The economy did continue to have a weak effect on interest income and building permits (commercial) revenue this past year, although, things are really looking up for 2014.

The City sold its Civic Center which was in existence since 1992. The facility which was showing signs of aging was sold to make way for redevelopment in an effort to enhance the areas retail strength.

Economic Outlook: Because the City is adjacent to the City of San Antonio, the local economy is really anchored by what happens in the San Antonio Metropolitan Statistical Area. This area enjoys the benefit of a diversified economy. Major anchors of the economy in this area are the medical/biomedical industry, the military industry, tourism, telecommunications, insurance, financial, and manufacturing. Although the national state of economy continues to boost a substantial amount of uncertainty, the local economy continues to remain stable and positive which allows for some welcomed modest growth.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City completed a Comprehensive Plan 2022. The plan provided background information for a baseline analysis to formulate goals and objectives to guide our City through the years to 2022. The City recently updated both its Comprehensive and Parks Master Plan in fiscal year 2011.

The City is in constant communications with various developers to look at opportunities for development on several of the City's undeveloped areas. As mentioned in the last section, the City Council approved the sale of the City's Civic Center property in order to return this property to retail development. This land will soon be the home of four separate restaurant businesses. In addition, City Council and the EDC Board recently approved an in-depth market study to determine the feasibility of a potential hotel and conference center to be located in the City of Live Oak. This process is well underway and things are looking very bright for this project. A new box store and car dealership is currently undergoing construction in the Gateway Plaza shopping center. All this growth continues to strengthen this areas stability.

The City, with the assistance of the Regional Water Resource Development Group and Regional Water Alliance, is constantly monitoring the projected growth and water needs of the City.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Budgeting controls are governed by the City's Charter. Throughout the budgeting process, the City Council may make financial policies that dictate the uses and sources of funds for various needs. In the 2013 budget, Council endorsed a financial policy that would have utilized \$884,269 of reserves to be used for contingencies (\$200,000), capital or capital related purchases (\$391,511), and one-time and/or emergency expenditures (\$292,758).

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Goals for the year were to continue or enhance the level of professional services in all areas, swift professional EMS and Fire response, a police department most capable of responding to all requests for services both emergency and non-emergency, continue to monitor the street and sewer infrastructure maintenance program, improved city park operations, and properly maintain City facilities. Most importantly a positive attitude by all will assure our citizens that we are here to serve them.

The City engineers completed a pavement condition index study on all the streets within the City. City staff along with the City engineers has evaluated the findings and made recommendations to City Council on varying approaches to complete these improvements. The City Council is contemplating a May 2014 bond election that will address various projects throughout the City. The Parks improvement project for the Woodcrest Park is substantially complete with some small improvements being identified for 2014. During the 2012/2013 budget process, several projects such as, walking trails, additional sidewalks, pool rehabilitation, installation of pavers in medians and the re-route of Park Drive have been identified and funded. Many of these projects were either completed or started in Fiscal Year 2013 and completed in Fiscal Year 2014.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Live Oak for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. This was the sixth consecutive year that the City received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance and administration departments. We appreciate the efforts of everyone involved. We wish to also express our appreciation to the Mayor and all City Council members for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

eroy Kowalik Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Live Oak Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS

ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Elected Officials

Mary M. Dennis

Mayor

Michael Balderaz

Councilmember, Place 3

Robert "Bob" Tullgren

Councilmember, Place 2, Mayor Pro-tem

Mendell D. Morgan, Jr. Councilmember, Place 1

Ed Cimics

Councilmember, Place 4

Aaron Dahl

Councilmember, Place 5

Appointed Officials

Matthew Smith City Manager

Scott Wayman

Assistant City Manager

Kenneth Evans **Police Chief**

Leroy Kowalik

Deborah Goza City Secretary

Finance Director Charles Foster

Jim Nardone

Fire Chief

Information Technology

Director

Mark Wagster **Public Works Director** Ed Phillips

Municipal Court Judge

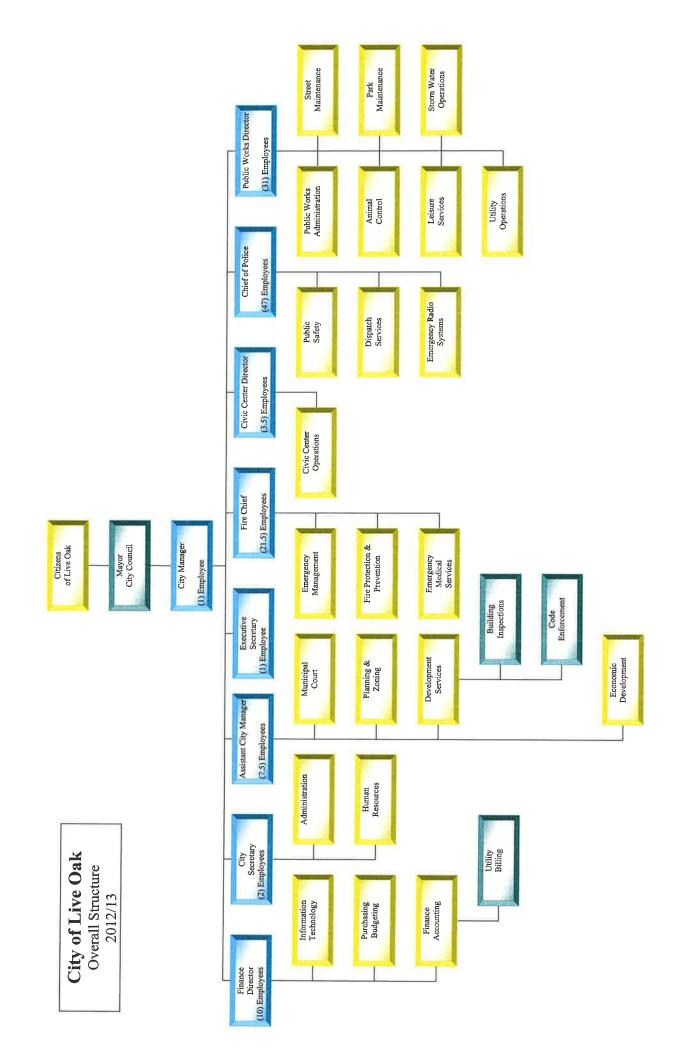
Denton, Navarro, Rocha & Bernal

City Attorney

Jordan Matney

Manager of Economic and **Community Development**

ABIP, P.C. City Auditor



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Live Oak, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Live Oak, Texas, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Live Oak, Texas as of September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of funding progress on pages 5 through 16 and 50 through 55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Live Oak, Texas' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2014, on our consideration of the City of Live Oak, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Live Oak, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ABIP, PE

Certified Public Accountants San Antonio, Texas

January 22, 2014

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

As management of the City of Live Oak, Texas (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal which can be found on pages ix-xiii of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2013 by \$29,059,545 (net position). Of this amount \$12,503,545 (unrestricted net position), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$2,720,017. A majority of this increase is attributable to the gain on the sale of the City's Civic Center and capital contributions.
- As of September 30, 2013 the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,031,993, an increase of \$2,288,700.
- The total debt of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$1,172,134 and business-type activities decreased from \$590,632 to \$470,453.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, (3) notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from

other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through their user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, debt service, special revenue funds, and capital projects. The business-type activities of the City include a water and wastewater operating fund, a utility development replacement and renewal fund and a storm water utility fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-20 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary, and utilize different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available for current spending, as well as on balances of resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains fourteen (14) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, economic development corporation, hotel/motel occupancy fund, and the debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten (10) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Details of the ten (10) non-major governmental funds are presented in the other supplementary information section which begins on page 58. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds except capital projects. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the economic development corporation to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds - The City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units within the City. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City maintains three different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operation and maintenance of its water and wastewater utility, its utility development replacement and renewal funds and operation of its storm water utility. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-28 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-47 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and the general fund and the economic development corporation budgetary comparisons. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 49-55 of the City's comprehensive annual financial report.

The combining statements referred to earlier as the City's non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and supporting schedules can be found beginning on pages 56-71 of the City's comprehensive annual financial report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29,059,545 (net position). Of this amount, \$12,503,545 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The largest portion of the City's net position (46.58%) is its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding while approximately the same amount (43.03%) is unrestricted. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position (10.39%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

NET POSITION

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 14,962,671	\$ 12,508,140	\$2,883,704	\$2,610,993	\$17,846,375	\$15,119,133
Capital Assets	23,492,053	24,282,362	5,460,397	5,749,573	28,952,450	30,031,935
Total Assets	38,454,724	36,790,502	8,344,101	8,360,566	46,798,825	45,151,068
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities	2,203,973	1,952,737	535,429	535,977	2,739,402	2,488,714
Long-Term Liabilities	_14,660,225	15,862,964	339,653	459,862	14,999,878	16,322,826
Total Liabilities	16,864,198	<u>17,815,701</u>	875,082	995,839	17,739,280	18,811,540
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,441,921	8,073,159	5,095,397	5,264,573	13,537,318	13,337,732
Restricted	3,018,682	1,160,105			3,018,682	1,160,105
Unrestricted	10,129,923	9,741,537	2,373,622	2,100,154	12,503,545	11,841,691
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 21,590,526	<u>\$ 18,974,801</u>	<u>\$7,469,019</u>	<u>\$7,364,727</u>	\$29,059,545	\$26,339,528

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

As of September 30, 2013, the City's net position increased by \$2,720,017. A majority of this increase is attributable to the gain on the sale of the City's Civic Center and capital contributions, as well as, several personnel vacancies.

The following table indicates changes in net position for the governmental and business-type activities for the City as of September 30, 2013.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	GOVERNMEN	TAL ACTIVITIES	TIVITIES BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
REVENUES					1/	
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,544,311	\$ 1,398,786	\$3,979,285	\$3,820,850	\$ 5,523,596	\$ 5,219,636
Operating Grants & Contributions	3,095	175,935	-	-	3,095	175,935
Capital Grants & Contributions	413,886		0.0	-	413,886	14
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	3,728,011	3,657,100	7 -	9	3,728,011	3,657,100
Sales Taxes	6,265,374	6,200,731	•	*	6,265,374	6,200,731
Franchise Taxes	818,781	852,464	857	*	818,781	852,464
Beverage Taxes	74,078	67,084	>=	•	74,078	67,084
Occupancy Taxes	345,329	244,018	(a)	-	345,329	244,018
Investment Earnings	58,912	33,704	2,233	2,453	61,145	36,157
Sale of Capital Assets	1,577,767				1,577,767	(4):
Miscellaneous	18,231	21,595			18,231	21,595
Total Revenues	14,847,775	12,651,417	3,981,518	3,823,303	18,829,293	16,474,720
<u>EXPENSES</u>						
General Government	2,894,648	3,145,186	343		2,894,648	3,145,186
Public Safety	6,082,404	6,190,610	4	9	6,082,404	6,190,610
Public Works	2,645,246	2,633,267	4	50	2,645,246	2,633,267
Community Services	168,400	231,477	9	•	168,400	231,477
Interest on Long-Term Debt	714,076	749,670	8	5%	714,076	749,670
Water and Wastewater Utilities	•	.(*)	2,967,953	2,869,242	2,967,953	2,869,242
Utility Development Replacement						
and Renewal	*		227,632	150,435	227,632	150,435
Storm Water Utilities			408,917	422,827	408,917	422,827
Total Expenses	12,504,774	12,950,210	3,604,502	3,442,504	16,109,276	16,392,714
Increase (Decrease) in Net						
Position before Transfers	2,343,001	(298,793)	377,016	380,799	2,720,017	82,006
TRANSFERS	272,724	351,150	(272,724)	(351,150)		
Change in Net Position	2,615,725	52,357	104,292	29,649	2,720,017	82,006
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	18,974,801	18,922,444	7,364,727	7,335,078	26,339,528	26,257,522
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$21,590,526	\$18,974,801	\$7,469,019	\$7,364,727	\$29,059,545	\$26,339,528

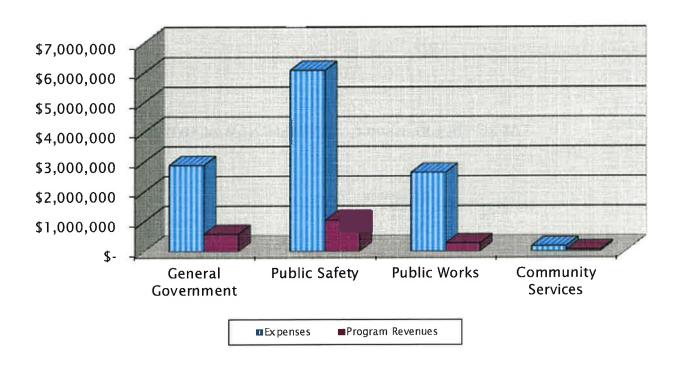
Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$2,615,725.

Key elements are as follows:

- Charges for services increased by \$6,690
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$172,840
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$413,886
- Sales taxes increased by \$64,643
- Property taxes increased by \$70,911
- Occupancy taxes increased by \$101,311
- Investment earnings increased by \$25,208
- General government decreased by \$250,538
- Public safety decreased by \$108,206
- Community services decreased by \$63,077

Below is a chart which depicts the expenses and program revenues for all governmental activities.

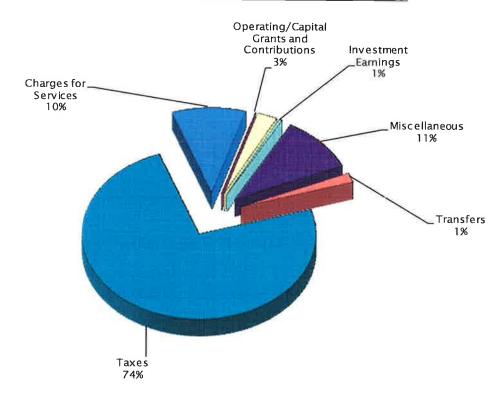
EXPENSES AND PROGRAM REVENUES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



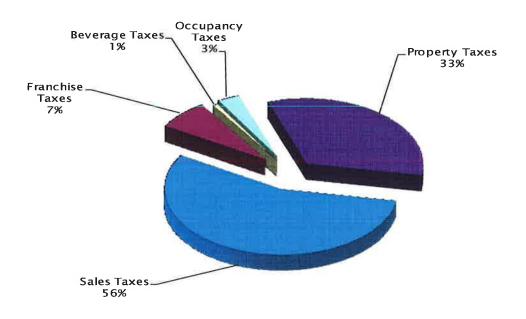
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The following charts show first the revenues by source and second the tax revenue by source for all governmental activities.

REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



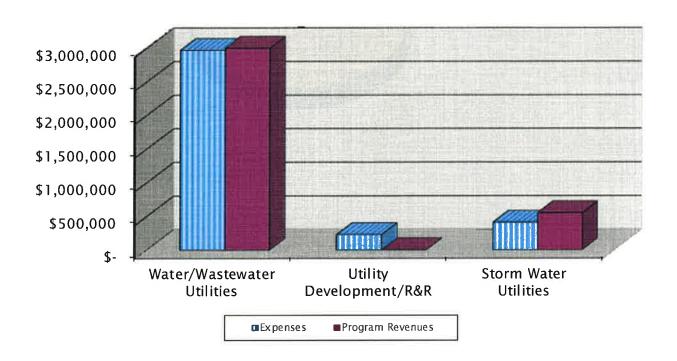
TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



Business-Type Activities - The City's business-type activities consist solely of water and wastewater services, utility development (renewals and replacements) and storm water operations. These activities have rates and spending plans established by the City Council. Another activity includes solid waste collection, but is only a pass through for the City.

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$104,292. This increase was due to primarily to an increase in water and sewer sales, as well as, personnel vacancies. A comparison between expenses and program revenues (charges for services) relating to water, wastewater and storm water operations follows. The major revenue source for business-type activities consists almost entirely of charges for services.

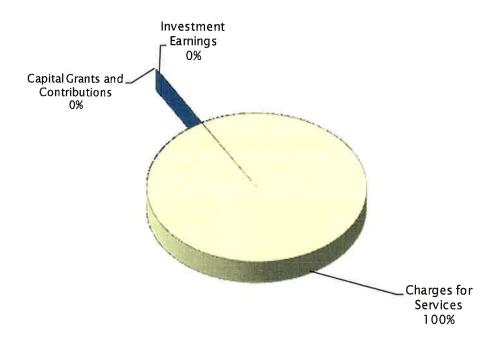
EXPENSES AND PROGRAM REVENUES - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES



The revenues in the current fiscal year for the business-type activities increased by \$158,215 from 2012. The total expenditures for the business-type activities also increased by \$161,998 from 2012. The primary reason for the increase in revenues is attributable to an increase in water and sewer sales. The primary reason for the increase in expenditures from 2012 was attributable to an increase in sewer treatment and other contract service costs.

The graph below shows the revenues by source for the business-type activities. As previously mentioned, the primary source of revenue is from charges for services.

REVENUES BY SOURCE - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,031,993, an increase of approximately \$2,288,700 from the prior year. This increase is due primarily to the sale of the City's Civic Center. A majority of the ending fund balance, \$6,516,011 (50.00%) is unassigned, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remaining amount of \$6,515,982 (50.00%) is nonspendable, restricted or committed for specific purposes and not available for new spending.

The City's general fund is the chief operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for by another fund. Property and sales taxes provide the major source of income. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance portion of the general fund was \$6,516,011 compared to \$6,565,155 in 2012, a decrease of \$49,144. This decrease was primarily attributable to some large unanticipated emergency repairs to several HVAC systems this past year. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

The Economic Development Corporation Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of Section 4B sales tax. At the end of the current fiscal year, the committed fund balance in this fund was \$1,251,685, an increase of \$222,474. This increase was a result of an increase in sales tax revenue.

The Hotel/Motel Occupancy Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received primarily from a hotel-motel tax. At the end of the current fiscal year, the restricted fund balance in this fund was \$2,247,313, an increase of \$1,831,065. This increase was the result of the sale of the City's Civic Center.

The debt service fund had a total restricted fund balance of \$282,742 at the end of the current fiscal year. The total fund balance is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase was \$10,979 in fund balance from 2012.

Proprietary Funds - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. Unrestricted net assets of the water and sewer fund, the utility development replacement and renewal fund, and the storm water fund at the end of the current fiscal year was \$2,373,622 or 65.9% of annual operating and non-operating expenses for the funds.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund - There were no budget amendments during the 2013 fiscal year.

During the year, revenues were more than budgetary estimates by \$103,692 and expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$820,446.

Below is a brief summarization of the major differences between the final amended budget and actual results for both revenues and expenditures.

- \$103,692 over budget in total revenues
 - Sales Tax exceeded the budget by \$54,249.
 - Franchise Taxes exceeded the budget by \$50,229 because of the increase usage of electricity because of the excessive drought and heat.
 - o Fines and Fees were less than budgeted by \$32,390 because of the fewer numbers of citations were issued.
 - o Permits and Fees were less than budgeted by \$49,734 because of the decreased volume of building permits and licenses due to the economy.
 - o Investment Earnings were less than budgeted by \$24,444 because of lower interest rates due to the economy.
- \$820,446 under budget in total expenditures
 - General Government
 - Council did not utilize the contingency budget.
 - City Manager miscellaneous savings throughout accounts.
 - City Secretary professional fees and property and liability insurance came in lower than expected and less software purchases.
 - Municipal Court personnel vacancies and professional fees came in lower than expected.
 - Finance and Planning and Zoning expenditures for various accounts came in lower than expected such as professional fees.
 - Development Services expenditures for contract building inspections came in lower than expected.
 - Information Technology personnel vacancy and lower than expected contract maintenance and contingencies.
 - Public Works primarily due to personnel vacancies, lower than anticipated petroleum costs and utilities, some unspent emergency contingencies and other various savings.
 - Public Safety primarily due to personnel vacancies and lower than expected equipment rental costs.
 - Community Services primarily due to lower supplies, maintenance and utility costs and unspent recreational capital.
 - Capital Outlay primarily due to savings during the normal course of business throughout the year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2013 amounted to \$28,952,450 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, roads, park facilities, the water and wastewater system plants and service lines, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress. The total decrease in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.59%.

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the City had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police equipment, information technology, and streets and utilities. During the year, major capital additions occurred in the machinery and equipment category. The City also increased its construction in progress. A substantial decrease occurred in buildings and improvements with the sale of the City's Civic Center facility.

The following table shows capital asset activity for the 2013 fiscal year with comparison for 2012. If more detailed information is desired on the City's capital asset activity, please refer to Note 5 (pages 40-41) as presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Capital Assets - Not Depreciated						
Land	\$ 1,206,394	\$ 1,206,394	\$ 8,770	\$ 8,770	\$ 1,215,164	\$ 1,215,164
Water Rights	647,021	647,021	583,531	583,531	1,230,552	1,230,552
Construction in Progress	87,690	30,000		48,301	87,690	78,301
Total Capital Assets -						
not Depreciated	<u>1,941,105</u>	1,883,415	592,301	640,602	2,533,406	2,524,017
Capital Assets - Depreciated						
Buildings and Improvements	12,935,772	14,117,956		3	12,935,772	14,117,956
Streets and Improvements	13,666,552	13,609,502	1.5		13,666,552	13,609,502
Machinery and Equipment	6,659,353	6,162,357	1,252,760	1,169,989	7,912,113	7,332,346
Water and Wastewater System	2.40		9,800,082	9,800,082	9,800,082	9,800,082
Total Capital Assets - Depreciated	33,261,677	33,889,815	11,052,842	10,970,071	44,314,519	44,859,886
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(11,710,729)	(11,490,868)	(6,184,746)	(5,861,100)	(17,895,475)	(17,351,968)
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$23,492,053	\$ 24,282,362	\$5,460,397	\$5,749,573	\$28,952,450	\$30,031,935

Long-Term Debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$15,215,000. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City's total debt decreased approximately \$1,235,000, or 7.5%, during the fiscal year.

	2013	2012
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004	\$8,010,000	\$8,555,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2005	3,570,000	3,795,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	2,875,000	3,145,000
Tax Notes, Series 2012	760,000	955,000

The City increased its rating to an A1 rating from a rating of Baa1 from Moody's Investor Services. The City has no legal debt limit provision in its charter.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 (pages 42-43) of the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2013 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. One of the most significant factors continues to be the City's recent revenue trends. The City's general fund revenue is primarily made up of property taxes, sales taxes, and franchise fees. Telephone and electric franchise fees went up in 2013 but are projected to stabilize somewhat in 2014. Sales tax revenues continue to show signs of a recovering economy but will continually be monitored. A minimal increase over last year's budget was approved and management will keep close watch to see what effects the economy would have throughout the year.

The general fund's largest controllable revenue source is property taxes. The property tax rate during fiscal year 2013 was \$0.463155 per \$100 valuation, a decrease of \$0.014136 from 2012. Of this tax rate, \$0.367903 is utilized for general fund activities. The remaining amount of \$0.095252 is used for debt service. The City's portion of the sales tax rate is one and one-half cents, with an additional half cent for economic development. The general fund receives one and one-half cent with a half cent as an instrument of property tax reduction.

Despite the continued global and national economic uncertainty, the City and surrounding Metrocom area had another prosperous year. Although this area cannot say it did not feel the struggles of the economy over the last several years, Texas and more precise, the San Antonio area, has really held up well against the uncertainty of the economy. This area did not endure the detrimental effects that other areas did, thus allowing the City continues to enjoy grand openings of retail and food establishments in 2013 with more to come in 2014. Northeast Lakeview College, with their Alamo University Center, continued to offer over 20 undergraduate and graduate degree programs under one roof from five major universities. The Alamo University Center establishes Live Oak as a major hub for educational opportunities. The Judson Early College Academy (JECA) offers students with an opportunity to not only earn their high school degree, but they will have also have earned an equivalent to an associate's degree as well. Students will have the ability to transfer these college credits to almost any college of choice. Northeast Lakeview College has a plan to become a major. higher education player for the region in the future with over 15,000 students. The Eagle Ford Shale development, one of the nation's biggest oil and natural gas fields, has provided a tremendous economic impact to neighboring counties that has spilled over into this area.

<u>Economic Outlook</u> - Because the City is adjacent to the City of San Antonio, the local economy is really anchored by what happens in the San Antonio Metropolitan Statistical Area. This area enjoys the benefit of a much diversified economy. Major anchors of the economy in this area are the medical/biomedical industry, the military industry, tourism, telecommunications, insurance, financial, and manufacturing. Although the national state of economy boosts a substantial amount of uncertainty, the local economy to remain stable and positive which allows for some modest growth.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the finance department, at the City of Live Oak, 8001 Shin Oak Drive, Live Oak, Texas 78233.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - o Governmental Funds
 - o Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

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CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>		·	·
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances	\$ 6,132,049 6,868,613	\$ 2,399,858	\$ 8,531,907 6,868,613
for Uncollectibles:	1 205 462		1 205 462
Taxes	1,295,463	400 252	1,295,463
Customer Accounts	291,801	400,252	692,053 91,148
Due from Other Governments	24,257 22,225	66,891	22,225
Prepaid Items	18,249	(E):	18,249
Accrued Interest	310,014	16,703	326,717
Deferred Charges	310,014	10,703	320,717
Capital Assets	1,206,394	8,770	1,215,164
Land	647,021	583,531	1,230,552
Water Rights	12,935,772	505,551	12,935,772
Buildings and Improvements Streets and Improvements	13,666,552	2	13,666,552
Machinery and Equipment	6,659,353	1,252,760	7,912,113
Water and Wastewater System	0,033,333	9,800,082	9,800,082
Construction in Progress	87,690	5,000,002	87,690
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(11,710,729)	(6,184,746)	(17,895,475)
Less. Accumulated Depreciation			***************************************
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 38,454,724	\$ 8,344,101	\$46,798,825
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 620,891	\$ 259,648	\$ 880,539
Accrued Liabilities	221,501	25,278	246,779
Unearned Revenue	1,940	(*)	1,940
Customer Deposits	(#)	119,703	119,703
Accrued Interest Payable	110,584	-	110,584
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	1,249,057	130,800	1,379,857
Due in More than One Year	14,660,225	339,653	14,999,878
Total Liabilities	16,864,198	875,082	17,739,280
NET POSITION			12/22-21-
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,441,921	5,095,397	13,537,318
Restricted			
Weed Abatement	8,827		8,827
Hotel Occupancy	2,247,313	*	2,247,313
Court Security and Technology	149,470	-	149,470
Forfeiture	27,556	2	27,556
Child Safety	52,507	*	52,507
Emergency Radio System	188,515	3	188,515
Public Education	61,752		61,752
Debt Service	282,742	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	282,742
Unrestricted	10,129,923	2,373,622	12,503,545
Total Net Position	21,590,526	7,469,019	29,059,545
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 38,454,724	\$ 8,344,101	\$46,798,825

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		PROGRAM REVENUES					NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION			
FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	GRA	PERATING ANTS AND TRIBUTIONS	GI	CAPITAL RANTS AND NTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 2,894,648	\$ 583,196	\$	3,095	\$		\$ (2,308,357)	\$	\$ (2,308,357)	
Public Safety	6,082,404	635,248				413,886	(5,033,270)		(5,033,270)	
Public Works	2,645,246	270,191		€		, ,	(2,375,055)	70	(2,375,055)	
Community Services	168,400	55,676		•			(112,724)		(112,724)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	714,076			2		9	(714,076)		(714,076)	
Total Governmental		S======;								
Activities	12,504,774	1,544,311		3,095	_	413,886	_(10,543,482)		(10,543,482)	
Business-Type Activities										
Water and Wastewater Utilities Utility Development	2,967,953	3,427,956				*	×	460,003	460,003	
Replacement and Renewal	227,632	2,339		0.00		*	+3	(225,293)	(225,293)	
Storm Water Fund	408,917	548,990						140,073	140,073	
Total Business-Type								- Control division		
Activities	3,604,502	3,979,285			_			374,783	374,783	
Total Government	\$ 16,109,276	\$ 5,523,596	\$	3,095	\$	•	_(10,543,482)	374,783	(10,168,699)	
	General Revenue	<u>25</u>								
	Taxes:									
	Property Ta						3,728,011	2	3,728,011	
	Sales Taxes						6,265,374	8	6,265,374	
	Franchise T						818,781	8	818,781	
	Beverage Ta						74,078	•	74,078	
	Occupancy						345,329	<u>.</u> .	345,329	
	Investment Ea						58,912	2,233	61,145	
	Sale of Capita						1,577,767	-	1,577,767	
	Miscellaneous						18,231		18,231	
	Transfers						272,724	<u>(272,724)</u>		
	Total Gen	eral Revenues a	nd Trai	nsfers			13,159,207	(270,491)	12,888,716	
	Change in	1 Net Position					2,615,725	104,292	2,720,017	
	Net Position at B	eginning of Yea	<u>r</u>				18,974,801	7,364,727	26,339,528	
	NET F	OSITION AT END	OF YEAR	L			\$ 21,590,526	\$ 7,469,019	\$ 29,059,545	

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	GENERAL	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS	41 275 245	# 1 140 F30	¢ 2 172 000	£ 202 742	¢ 1 152 526	\$ 6,132,049
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,375,245	\$ 1,148,538	\$ 2,172,988	\$282,742	\$ 1,152,536	\$ 6,132,049 6,868,613
Investments	6,868,613	-	-	•	-	0,606,013
Receivables - Net of Allowances						
for Uncollectibles	22.201			0.556		42,857
Property Taxes	33,301	247.074	:(•:	9,556		991,895
Sales Taxes	743,921	247,974	01.096		-	91,986
Occupancy Taxes	417.000		91,986	±•.	42,618	460,526
Other	417,908	•	K a s	99	•	24,257
Due from Other Governments	1,162	•	J.e.	•	23,095	22,885
Due from Other Funds	22,885	i =:	:	•		18,249
Accrued Interest	18,249	2.405	3. 0 3		5	22,225
Prepaid Items	18,730	3,495	()	<u>.</u>		
			4 2 2 2 4 2 7 4	# 202 200	£ 1 210 240	£ 14.67F.F42
TOTAL ASSETS	\$9,500,014	<u>\$1,400,007</u>	<u>\$ 2,264,974</u>	<u>\$292,298</u>	\$ 1,218,249	\$ 14,675,542
LIABILITIES					¢ 117.005	¢ (20.001
Accounts Payable	\$ 474,569	\$ 11,576	\$ 17,661	\$ =	\$ 117,085	\$ 620,891
Accrued Liabilities	217,348	3,964	-		189	221,501
Due to Other Funds	*	595	2€1	0.550	22,885	22,885
Deferred/Unearned Revenues	639,429	129,287	-	9,556		778,272
Total Liabilities	1,331,346	<u>144,827</u>	<u> 17,661</u>	9,556	140,159	1,643,549
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid Items	18,730	3,495		:•:	(*)	22,225
Restricted						
Special Revenue Funds		(3)	2,247,313	76	479,800	2,727,113
Weed Abatement	8,827	:e	· •	(•)	· ·	8,827
Debt Service	X = X	753	8 .	282,742	•	282,742
Committed						
Asset Replacement	1,625,100	8		(*)	6 = 2	1,625,100
Economic Development	; . €0	1,251,685		•	*	1,251,685
Capital Projects Funds			19		598,290	598,290
Unassigned	6,516,011				(* <u>*</u>	6,516,011
Total Fund Balances	8,168,668	1,255,180	2,247,313	282,742	1,078,090	13,031,993
TOTAL LIABILITIES						
AND FUND BALANCES	\$9,500,014	\$1,400,007	\$ 2,264,974	\$292,298	\$ 1,218,249	\$ 14,675,542
, 1112 1 0112 0/10 111010						

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 13,031,993	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement assets are different because:	ent of	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fina resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	23,492,053	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for curren expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	776,332	
Deferred charges, consisting of debt issue costs, are amo over the life of the bond in the governmental activities, be were recognized in full in the governmental funds.	310,014	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the currer period and therefore, not reported in the funds:		
Bonds Payable Premium on Bonds Sold Compensated Absences Accrued Interest on Bonds Loss on Refunding Pension Benefit Obligation	\$(14,850,000) (338,105) (310,473) (110,584) 110,341 (521,045)	_(16,019,866)
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 21,590,526

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	GENERAL	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES		_		4 702 104	•	£ 2.750.211
Property Taxes	\$2,966,027	\$ -	\$	\$ 792,184	\$ -	\$ 3,758,211
Sales Taxes	4,699,030	1,566,344		*		6,265,374
Franchise Taxes	790,929	-	X.	*	27,852	818,781
Beverage Taxes	74,078	-	245.220			74,078
Occupancy Taxes			345,329	=	47.007	345,329
Fines and Fees	392,110	7.			47,607	439,717
Permits and Fees	324,816	5	104011	5	02.042	324,816
Service Fees	95,721	*	104,811	•	83,842	284,374
Intergovernmental	470,855		1 245	227	3,095	473,950
Investment Earnings	55,556	985	1,345	237	789	58,912
Miscellaneous	42,780					42,780
Total Revenues	9,911,902	1,567,329	451,485	792,421	163,185	12,886,322
EXPENDITURES Current						
General Government	2,156,853	236,220	177,741	:(*)	111,811	2,682,625
Public Safety	5,435,384	250,220	5,996	84	128,895	5,570,275
Public Works	1,756,946	_	64,955		2,532	1,824,433
Community Services	168,400		0 1,550		-,	168,400
Debt Service	100,100					•
Principal			10 0 00	1,115,000		1,115,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	~	-	929	705,915		705,915
Capital Outlay	306,740	2	*	3.	125,230	431,970
	9,824,323	236,220	248,692	1,820,915	368,468	12,498,618
Total Expenditures	9,024,323	230,220	270,032	1,020,313	300,100	12,130,010
Excess (Deficiency)						
of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	87,579	1,331,109	202,793	<u>(1,028,494</u>)	(205,283)	387,704
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						1 000 550
Transfers In	421,563	-	.51	1,039,473	427,516	1,888,552
Transfers Out	(509,443)	(1,106,385)	9 7 0			(1,615,828)
Sale of Capital Assets		(<u> </u>	1,628,272			1,628,272
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(87,880)	(1,106,385)	1,628,272	1,039,473	427,516	1,900,996
Net Change in Fund Balances	(301)	224,724	1,831,065	10,979	222,233	2,288,700
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,168,969	1,030,456	416,248	271,763	855,857	10,743,293
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$8,168,668	<u>\$ 1,255,180</u>	\$2,247,313	\$ 282,742	\$ 1,078,090	\$13,031,993

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$2,288,700

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Current Year Additions	\$ 845,856	
Current Period Depreciation	_(1,585,660)	(739,804)

(80,705)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, which the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:

Loss on Refunding	(13,795)	
Principal Repayments	1,115,000	
Deferred Charge on Issuance Cost	(31,338)	
Premium on Issuance	30,234	1.100.101

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Compensated Absences	37,579	
Accrued Interest	6,738	
Pension Benefit Obligation	3,116	47,433

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 2,615,725

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS						
	MAJOR FUND	MAJOR FUND	NONMAJOR FUND				
	WATER AND WASTEWATER	UTILITY DEVELOPMENT REPLACEMENT	STORM WATER FUND	TOTAL			
4.00-70	UTILITIES	AND RENEWAL	FUND	TOTAL			
ASSETS ASSETS							
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 665,210	\$1,164,920	\$ 569,728	\$2,399,858			
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance	J 003,210	¥ 1,101,520	3 303,720	42,000,000			
Customer Accounts	351,067	A. (49,185	400,252			
Due from Other Governments	56,050) =	10,841	66,891			
Total Current Assets	1,072,327	1,164,920	629,754	2,867,001			
Total Cultent Assets	_1,072,527						
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Deferred Charges	16,703	2	¥	16,703			
Capital Assets	,						
Land	8,770	.]=:	.	8,770			
Water Rights	583,531	10 - 2	. 	583,531			
Machinery and Equipment	1,207,681	o₩.	45,079	1,252,760			
Water and Wastewater System	9,800,082	0,00	100	9,800,082			
Construction in Process	E	(4)	940	(=			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(6,160,703</u>)	198	(24,043)	(6,184,746)			
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,456,064		21,036	5,477,100			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$6,528,391	\$ 1,164,920	\$ 650,790	\$8,344,101			
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$ 214,905	\$ 41,656	\$ 3,087	\$ 259,648			
Accrued Liabilities	17,918	3.5	7,360	25,278			
Customer Deposits	119,703	5€0	3 7 08	119,703			
Compensated Absences	6,589	0.00	4,211	10,800			
Tax Notes Payable within One Year	120,000			120,000			
Total Current Liabilities	479,115	41,656	14,658	535,429			
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES							
Pension Benefit Obligation	40,728		21,524	62,252			
Compensated Absences	19,767		12,634	32,401			
Tax Notes Payable after One Year	245,000		-	245,000			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	305,495		34,158	339,653			
Total Cabillata	704 610	41,656	48,816	875,082			
Total Liabilities	784,610	41,030	40,010	073,002			
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,074,361	(*)	21,036	5,095,397			
Unrestricted	669,420	1,123,264	580,938	2,373,622			
Total Net Position	5,743,781	1,123,264	601,974	7,469,019			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$6,528,391	\$1,164,920	\$ 650,790	\$8,344,101			

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	MAJOR FUND	MAJOR FUND	NONMAJOR FUND			
	<u></u>	UTILITY	0,			
	WATER AND	DEVELOPMENT				
	WASTEWATER	REPLACEMENT	STORM WATER			
ODED ATMIG DESCRIPTION	UTILITIES	AND RENEWAL	FUND	TOTAL		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Water and Sewer Sales	\$2,582,978	\$ -	\$	\$2,582,978		
Garbage Collection	545,647	<u>*</u>	· ·	545,647		
Application and Connection Fees	118,358	-	(4)	118,358		
Penalties and Fines	50,586	N#	1	50,586		
Miscellaneous Income	130,387	2,339	3€:	132,726		
Stormwater Utility Fee			548,990	548,990		
Total Operating Revenues	3,427,956	2,339	548,990	3,979,285		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel	649,358	7 - 7	306,483	955,841		
Supplies	128,857	3,609	16,406	148,872		
Conferences and Training	2,879	3,003	10,700	·		
Repairs and Maintenance	32,982	224,023	37,998	2,879		
Utilities and Telephone	128,706	224,023	•	295,003		
Insurance	128,700		2,229	130,935		
Service Administration	•	1. 	25.704	12,685		
	94,662	•	35,784	130,446		
Service Operating Miscellaneous	1,573,866	3₩6		1,573,866		
	531		1,001	1,532		
Depreciation	331,664	:=\'	9,016	340,680		
Total Operating Expenses	2,956,190	227,632	408,917	3,592,739		
Operating Income (Loss)	471,766	(225,293)	140,073	386,546		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest Expense	(11,763)			(11,763)		
Investment Earnings	845	903	485	2,233		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(10,918)	903	485	(9,530)		
		=======================================		(9,550)		
Net Income (Loss) before Transfers	460,848	(224,390)	140,558	377,016		
Transfer In	185,198	510,000	2.57	695,198		
Transfer Out	(830,295)	(51,504)	(86,123)	(967,922)		
Change in Net Position	(184,249)	234,106	54,435	104,292		
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_5,928,030	889,158	547,539	7,364,727		
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$5,743,781	\$1,123,264	\$ 601,974	\$7,469,019		

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	MAJOR FUND	MAJOR FUND	NONMAJOR FUND			
		UTILITY				
	WATER AND	DEVELOPMENT	CTORM WATER			
	WASTEWATER	REPLACEMENT	STORM WATER FUND	TOTAL		
	UTILITIES	AND RENEWAL	FUND	IOTAL		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	40 410 554		C 546 413	¢2 060 20E		
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$3,419,554	\$ 2,339	\$ 546,412	\$3,968,305		
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(648,844)	(2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	(307,517)	(956,361)		
Cash Paid to Supplier for Goods and Services	(1,932,881)	(288,678)	(96,332)	(2,317,891)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)						
Operating Activities	<u>837,829</u>	(286,339)	142,563	694,053		
CASH FLOWE FROM CARITAL AND RELATED						
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
	12	2	·			
Proceeds from Tax Notes	(120,000)	-		(120,000)		
Principal Paid on Tax Notes		-	====	(11,763)		
Interest Paid on Tax Notes	(11,763)			(51,504)		
Purchase/Construction of Capital Assets	(51,504)			(51,504)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital						
Financing Activities	(183,267)		·	(183,267)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from Other Funds	185,198	510,000	;	695,198		
Transfers to Other Funds	(830,295)	(51,504)	(86,123)	(967,922)		
	(650,295)	(31,301)	(00,125)			
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital	(645.007)	450 400	(06.133)	(272 724)		
Financing Activities	(645,097)	458,496	(86,123)	(272,724)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and Investment Earnings	845	903	485	2,233		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash						
and Cash Equivalents	10,310	173,060	56,925	240,295		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	654,900	991,860	512,803	2,159,563		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DEGINATING		***************************************	8			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 665,210	<u>\$1,164,920</u>	\$ 569,728	\$2,399,858		

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
	M/	JOR FUND	MAJOR FUND		NON	MAJOR FUND		***
			UTILITY					
		ATER AND		VELOPMENT				
		STEWATER		PLACEMENT	STORM WATER			=
DECONCULATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO MET	-	JTILITIES	AN	ID RENEWAL		FUND		TOTAL
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET								
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	471,766	\$	(225,293)	\$	140,073	\$	386,546
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating								
Income to Net Cash Provided by								
Operating Activities								
Depreciation		331,664				9,016		340,680
Changes in Assets and Liabilities						•		,
Decrease (Increase) in Assets								
Customer Receivable		(11,436)				(2,578)		(14,014)
Due from Other Governments		(24,007)		S#?		37		(23,970)
Deferred Charges		5,568						5,568
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities		,						5,500
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		61,363		(61,046)		(3,930)		(3,613)
Customer Deposits		3,035				(2)		3,035
Pension Benefit Obligation		(181)				(120)		(301)
Compensated Absences	-	57				65		122
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	837,829	\$	(286,339)	\$	142,563	\$	694,053

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Live Oak, Texas, are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governmental units as set forth by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the City's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the activities and funds relevant to the operations of the City of Live Oak. These operations include the police department, fire department, municipal court, street department, animal control, parks and recreation, community development, and economic development.

The governmental reporting entity consists of the City and its component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, and data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. The City has one blended component unit with a September 30 fiscal year end. The City has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Unit

The City of Live Oak Economic Development Corporation (LOEDC) is governed by a seven-member board, consisting of two council members and five others appointed by city council. The LOEDC is focused on building economic prosperity in the City of Live Oak. The LOEDC is funded through a half cent Section 4B Sales tax. The LOEDC and the City of Live Oak have both a financial and operational relationship which requires that the LOEDC's financial statements be blended into the City's financial statements. In addition, the LOEDC provides services entirely to the City of Live Oak and is material to the City's operations. The LOEDC is reported as a Special Revenue Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the LOEDC.

B. Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements: Report information on all of the activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-like activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate Fund Financial Statements: Are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 30 (thirty) days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary fund type) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is based upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination.

The City has the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Economic Development Corporation is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of Section 4B sales tax funds.

The Hotel/Motel Occupancy Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received primarily from a hotel-motel tax.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for ad valorem tax assessed for the purpose of servicing general obligation debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income and capital maintenance.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Wastewater Utilities Fund is used to account for activities of the City's water and wastewater operations.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Utility Development Replacement and Renewal Fund is used to track funds and investment earnings put aside for replacement and renewal of the water and wastewater systems.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-like activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and wastewater function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the City.

E. <u>Investments</u>

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) – (d). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

Investments are stated at fair value (plus accrued interest) except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts (U.S. Treasuries) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are stated at amortized cost. Likewise, certificates of deposit are stated at amortized cost.

Activity between funds that are representative lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

F. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to outstanding accounts from 2006 and older as of September 30, 2013.

The City's property taxes are levied annually in October on the basis of the appraisal district's assessed values as of January 1 of that calendar year. Appraised values are established by the appraisal district at market value and assessed at 100% of appraised value less exemptions. The City's property taxes are billed and collected by the Bexar County Tax Assessor/Collector. Such taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are levied and become delinquent with an enforceable lien on property on February 1 of the subsequent calendar year. Penalties and interest on unpaid taxes are calculated at the rate of 1.5% per month of delinquency.

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2003, are not reported in the basic financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all streets and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 2003.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSET	YEARS
Buildings	30 Years
Improvements Other than Buildings	30 Years
Equipment	5-10 Years
Water and Sewer System	50 Years

Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing unit completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

I. Compensated Absences

The City's employees earn vacation and sick leave which may either be taken or accumulated, up to certain amounts. Only unused vacation will be paid upon resignation or retirement. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Loss on refunding, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable loss on refunding, bond premium, and bond discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

K. Fund Balance

The City has implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making (in this case the city council). Any changes of this designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented. For example, if funds are committed by a resolution, the commitment could only be released with another resolution.
- Assigned fund balance for funds to be assigned, there must be an intended use which can be
 established by the council or an official designated by the council, such as a city manager or
 finance director. Assigned fund balance is delegated by the city council to the director of
 finance.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose, positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When multiple categories are available for expenditure, the City will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

N. Change in Accounting Policy

During fiscal year 2013 the City adopted the provisions of GASB #63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. The statement requires governments to account for deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and net position as they relate to derivatives and service concession arrangements. Under the provisions of this statement, governments will also present a Statement of Net Position and changes the caption "Net Assets" to "Net Position". The City has no deferred outflows or inflows of resources, but the statement titles and captions have been changed in conformity with the statement.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2013, the City had the following investments:

INVESTMENT TYPE	FAIR VALUE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE MATURITY (YEARS)
U.S. Treasury and Agency Securities	\$ 3,925,613	0.054
Certificates of Deposit	2,943,000	0.039
TexPool (Local Government Investment Pool)	8,513,549	18
	\$ 15,382,162	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		0.047

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its operating investment portfolio to less than one year. The City's investment policy limits the final stated maturity of any security to no more than five years. As a matter of policy, the City holds all investments to maturity.

Credit Risk. The state comptroller of public accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool, a local government investment pool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than fair value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poors.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2012, the City's cash on hand was \$3,918. The carrying amount of deposits was \$178,364 and the bank balance was \$451,075. The City maintains its cash balances at Frost Bank. Funds held at participating financial institutions have unlimited FDIC coverage for all non-interest bearing accounts, and \$250,000 FDIC coverage for interest bearing accounts, including certificates of deposit. Therefore, the bank balance was covered by federal deposit insurance and the City's depository had pledged securities having a face value of \$849,924 and a market value of \$948,694 as collateral for the City's deposits. Funds were fully insured and collateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the government securities owned by the City are held by its agent in the City's name.

Investment Policy. The City Council has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investments of its funds as defined by the Public Funds Act of 1995 (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code). The City's investment policy requires all deposits to be fully collateralized. Investments held in pools shall be continuously rated no lower than AAA or AAAm or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. The investments of the City are in compliance with the Council's investment policies. All significant legal and contractual provisions for investments were complied with during the year. Investments at year-end are representative of the types of investments maintained by the City during the year.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the Act), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAAm (or equivalent) rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the fair value of its underlying investment portfolio within one-half of one percent of the value of its shares.

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds and the enterprise major fund and nonmajor fund, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				PROPRIETA		
	GENERAL	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY	OTHER FUNDS	WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITIES	OTHER Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	TOTAL
Receivables							
Property Taxes	\$ 40,425	\$ -	\$	\$ 11,364	\$ ==	\$	\$ 51,789
Sales Taxes	743,921	247,974	8			8.5	991,895
Occupancy Taxes	9	· 5	91,986	S. .	(e)	394	91,986
Franchise Taxes	168,726			3 e 3	0₩0	5 - 28	168,726
Customer Accounts	83,399	3	¥	1000	379,065	49,185	511,649
Court Fines	650,822	54	=	8		-	650,822
Other	3,078			42,618			45,696
Gross Receivables Less: Allowance for	1,690,371	247,974	91,986	53,982	379,065	49,185	2,512,563
Uncollectibles	(495,241)	<u> </u>		(1,808)	(27,998)		(525,047)
NET TOTAL RECEIVABLES	\$1,195,130	\$ 247,974	\$ 91,986	\$ 52,174	\$ 351,067	\$ 49,185	\$1,987,516

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Governmental funds reported deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	UNEARNED	UNAVAILABLE
General Fund Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable Sales Tax Court Fines Advance Rental Total General Fund	\$ - - - 1,940 1,940	\$ 33,301 387,862 216,326 637,489
Economic Development Corporation Sales Tax		129,287
Debt Service Fund Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable		9,556
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,940	\$ 776,332

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAX

Taxes are levied on and payable as of October 1. The City has contracted with the Bexar County Tax Assessor-Collector to collect taxes on its behalf. Current year taxes become delinquent February 1. Current year delinquent taxes not paid by July 1 are turned over to attorneys for collection action.

For fiscal year 2013, the assessed tax rate for the City was \$0.463155 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of \$856,156,984. This is broken out as \$0.367903 per \$100 for maintenance and operations and \$0.095252 per \$100 for debt retirement. Total tax levy for fiscal year 2013 is \$3,940,801. As of September 30, 2013, the delinquent current taxes for 2013 were \$14,478.

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NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013, was as follows:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DELETIONS	ENDING BALANCE
Governmental Activities Capital Assets not being Depreciated				Di III III CE
Land	\$ 1,206,394	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,206,394
Water Rights	647,021	*		647,021
Construction in Progress	30,000	57,690		87,690
Total Capital Assets not			·	
being Depreciated	1,883,415	57,690	<u> </u>	1,941,105
Capital Assets being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	14,117,956	36	(1,182,184)	12,935,772
Streets and Improvements	13,609,502	57,050	(1,102,101,	13,666,552
Machinery and Equipment	6,162,357	731,116	(234,120)	6,659,353
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	33,889,815	788,166	(1,416,304)	33,261,677
Less Accumumlated Depreciation:		- 		00,10.1
Buildings and Improvements	(5,363,622)	(465,365)	1,131,679	(4,697,308)
Streets and Improvements	(2,447,202)	(606,979)	2	(3,054,181)
Machinery and Equipment	_(3,680,044)	(513,316)	234,120	(3,959,240)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,490,868)	(1,585,660)	_1,365,799	(11,710,729)
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated - Net	22,398,947	(797,494)	(EO EOE)	21 550 049
D Spirotiated Titot		(737,434)	(50,505)	21,550,948
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$24,282,362	\$ (739,804)	\$ (50,505)	\$23,492,053
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated Land	f 0.770	•	•	
	\$ 8,770	\$	\$	\$ 8,770
Water Rights	583,531		:#h	583,531
Construction in Progress	48,301	22,507	(70,808)	
Total Capital Assets not	640.600	22	190000	
being Depreciated	640,602	22,507	(70,808)	592,301
Capital Assets being Depreciated Machinery and Equipment	1,169,989	99,805	(17.024)	1 252 760
Water and Wastewater System	9,800,082	99,605	(17,034)	1,252,760 9,800,082
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	10,970,071	99,805	(17,034)	11,052,842
Less Accumulated Depreciation:			(17,034)	11,032,042
Machinery and Equipment	(956,414)	(102,129)	17,034	(1,041,509)
Water and Wastewater System	(4,904,686)	(238,551)		(5,143,237)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,861,100)	(340,680)	17,034	(6,184,746)
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated - Net	<u>5,108,971</u>	(240,875)		4,868,096
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$ 5,749,573	\$ (218,368)	\$ (70,808)	¢ 5 460 207
	4 5,1 15,515	<u>* (210,300)</u>	* (10,000)	\$ 5,460,397

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Govern	mental	<u>Activities</u>
	_	

General Government	\$ 212,761
Public Safety	551,696
Public Works	821,203
I UDIIC WOLKS	

TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$1,585,660

Business-Type Activities

Water and Wastewater Utilities \$ 340,680

NOTE 6: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2013 is as follows:

RECEIVABLE FUND	PAYABLE FUND	AMOUNT
General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>\$_22,885</u>

Balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, and (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The following schedule briefly summarizes the City's transfer activity:

TRANSFERS IN	TRANSFERS OUT	_AMOUNT_	PURPOSE
General	Water and		Subsidy for Administrative
	Wastewater Utilities	\$ 122,500	Expenditures
General	Nonmajor Utility	70 (22	Subsidy for Administrative Expenditures
	Farmania Davidanmant	78,623	Subsidy for Administrative
General	Economic Development	220,440	Expenditures
Debt Service	Water and		
	Wastewater Utilities	197,795	Funding for Debt Service
Debt Service	General	81,928	Funding for Debt Service
Debt Service	Economic Development	759,750	Funding for Debt Service
Nonmajor Governmental	General	427,515	For Capital Projects
Utility Renewal & Replacement	Water and		Replacement/Capital
	Wastewater Utilities	510,000	Asset Purchasing
Water and Wastewater Utilities	Nonmajor Utility	7,500	Support Fees
Water and Wastewater Utilities	Economic Development	126,195	Funding for Debt Service
Water and Wastewater Utilities	Utility Renewal & Replacement	51,504	Capital Asset Purchasing
TOTAL		<u>\$2,583,750</u>	

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT

The City issues a variety of long-term debt instruments in order to acquire and/or construct major capital facilities and equipment for governmental activities. These instruments include general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation and tax notes. These debt obligations are secured by either future property or hotel tax revenue or liens on property and equipment.

A. Bonds Payable, Certificates of Obligation, and Tax Notes

A summary of the terms of general obligation bonds, combination tax and revenue certificates of obligation, and tax notes outstanding at September 30, 2013, follows:

SERIES AND ORIGINAL ISSUE AMOUNT		FINAL MATURITY	INTEREST RATE	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004	\$12,250,000	2024	3.0% - 5.25%	\$ 8,010,000	\$
Combination Tax and Limited Pledged Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2005	5,200,000	2025	4.25% - 4.5%	3,570,000	12 0
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	3,400,000	2022	3.064%	2,875,000	
Tax Notes, Series 2012	1,155,000	2018	0.85 - 1.95%	395,000	365,000
TOTAL BONDS, CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATIONS, AND TAX NOTES				\$ 14,850,000	\$ 365,000

B. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Annual debt service requirements for bonds and certificates of obligation are as follows:

FISCAL YEAR ENDING	GOV	ERNMENTAL ACTIV	/ITIES	BUSI	NESS-TYPE ACTIVI	TIES
SEPTEMBER 30,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2014 2015	\$ 1,155,000 1,205,000	\$ 663,505 621,436	\$ 1,818,505	\$ 120,000	\$ 4,935	\$124,935
2016 2017	1,250,000	571,557	1,826,436 1,821,557	120,000 125,000	3,495 1,875	123,495 126,875
2018	1,300,000 1,355,000	519,577 462,781	1,819,577 1,817,781	•	(m)	
2019-2023 2024-2025	6,935,000 1,650,000	1,379,865 <u>97,839</u>	8,314,865 1,747,839			
TOTALS	\$14,850,000	\$4,316,560	\$19,166,560	\$ 365,000	\$ 10,305	\$375,305

C. Federal Arbitrage

General obligation bonds, combination tax and revenue bonds, and certificates of obligation are subject to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 related to arbitrage and interest income tax regulations under those provisions. The City does not have any arbitrage as of September 30, 2013.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

D. Changes in Long-Term Debt

	BALANCE 9/30/2012	AD	DITIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 9/30/2013	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Primary Government						
Governmental Activities						
General Obligation Bonds	\$11,700,000	\$	•	\$ (815,000)	\$10,885,000	\$ 845,000
Certificates of Obligation	3,795,000			(225,000)	3,570,000	235,000
Tax Notes	470,000			(75,000)	395,000	75,000
Compensated Absences	348,052		49,434	(87,013)	310,473	77,618
Deferred Amounts for:						
Issuance Premium	368,339		-	(30,234)	338,105	30,234
Loss on Refunding	(124,136)		*	13,795	(110,341)	(13,795)
Pension Benefit Obligation	524,161			(3,116)	521,045	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$17,081,416	\$	49,434	\$(1,221,568)	\$15,909,282	<u>\$1,249,057</u>
				- 5		
Business-Type Activities						
Tax Notes	\$ 485,000	\$		\$ (120,000)	\$ 365,000	\$ 120,000
Compensated Absences Payable	43,079		10,892	(10,770)	43,201	10,800
Pension Benefit Obligation	62,553			(301)	62,252	
i cholon beneni obligation					 /;	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 590,632	\$	10,892	\$ (131,071)	\$ 470,453	\$ 130,800
TOTAL BODINESS THE MOTOR TELES		_				

The compensated absences and the net pension obligation liabilities attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund. The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 were issued for streets (80%) and sewer facilities (20%). The Certificates of Obligation, Series 2005 were issued for city facilities. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 refunded General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002, which were issued for city facilities. The Tax Notes, Series 2012 were issued for water rights and an emergency radio system.

NOTE 8: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

A. Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits, and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS' website at www.tmrs.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

NOTE 8: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

A. <u>Plan Description (Continued)</u>

	PLAN YEAR 2012	PLAN YEAR 2013
Employee Deposit Rate Matching Ratio (City to	7.0%	7.0%
Employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years Required for Vesting	5	5
Service Retirement Eligibility (Expressed as Age/Years		
of Service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit Annuity Increase (to Retirees)	100% Repeating, Transfers 70% of CPI Repeating	100% Repeating, Transfers 70% of CPI Repeating

B. Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that City. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation are as follows:

1.	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$1,040,800
2.	Interest on Net Pension Obligation	41,070
3.	Adjustment to the ARC	(36,083)
4.	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	1,045,787
5.	Contributions Made	_1,049,204
6.	Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Obligation	(3,417)
7.	Net Pension Obligation (Asset), Beginning of Year	586,714
8.	Net Pension Obligation (Asset), End of Year	\$ 583,297

FISCAL YEAR	ANNUAL PENSION COST	CON	ACTUAL FIBUTION MADE	PERCENTAGE OF APC CONTIBUTION	NET PENSION OBLIGATION
2013	\$ 1,045,787	\$	1,049,204	100.33%	\$ 583,297
2012	1,061,639		993,553	94%	586,714
2011	1,170,423		982,467	84%	518,628

NOTE 8: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

B. Contributions (Continued)

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2013 were determined as part of the December 31, 2010 and 2011 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2012, as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method GASB 25 Equivalent Single	December 31, 2010 Projected Unit Credit Level Percent of Payroll	December 31, 2011 Projected Unit Credit Level Percent of Payroll	December 31, 2012 Projected Unit Credit Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization Period Amortization Period	27.3 Years - Closed Period	26.3 Years - Closed Period	25.3 Years - Closed Period
for New Gains/Losses	30 years	30 years	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market
Investment Rate of Return	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by Age and Service	Varies by Age and Service	Varies by Age and Service
Inflation Rate	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

The funded status as of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE	ACTUARIAL LUE OF ASSETS	ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY (AAL)	FUNDED RATIO	UN	FUNDED AAL (UAAL)	COVERED PAYROLL	UAAL AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL
12/31/2012	\$ 21,508,279	\$27,737,630	77.5%	\$	6,229,351	\$6,017,750	103.5%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

C. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit" or OPEB.

NOTE 8: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

C. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$9,442, \$9,154, and \$11,180, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

NOTE 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

Construction Commitments

The City of Live Oak has entered into commitments for various projects as follows:

General Government	ESTIMATED COST TO CITY	EXPENDED TO DATE	ESTIMATED FUTURE COMMITMENT
AT&T Phone System Park Trail/Park Drive Re-route Lookout Road Rehabilitation O'Connor Sidewalk Project - CDBG	\$ 70,039 126,100 467,900 18,250	\$ 12,739 41,856 3,095	\$ 70,039 113,361 426,044
TOTAL ESTIMATED FUTURE COMMITMENTS	\$ 682,289	\$ 57,690	\$ 624,599

Long-Term Contracts

Under a contract with the San Antonio River Authority, the river authority is to provide transportation, treatment and disposal of sewage for the portion of the City of Live Oak located on the east side of Interstate Highway 35. The contract is ongoing with rates negotiated annually.

A separate contract with the Cibolo Creek Municipal Authority provides for the municipal authority to provide transportation, treatment and disposal of sewage for that area of the City located on the west side of Interstate Highway 35. There are no connections to that system due to the sparse development in that area. The contract began June 9, 1983, and is for a period of fifty (50) years or until the system "debt" is paid off, whichever is longer.

The City contracts with the San Antonio Water System (SAWS) to provide water service and sewer service billing for the area of the City of Live Oak south of Toepperwein Road. The original agreement began in 1977 and was for a period of twenty-five (25) years with a twenty-five (25) year option at SAWS sole discretion. It covers an area east of the City Public Service (CPS) right-of-way just west of Avery Road. A second agreement began in 1979 and is for a period of twenty-five (25) years with a twenty-five (25) year option by mutual consent and buy-out of facilities at the termination at current replacement cost less two-percent (2%) annual depreciation allowance. It covers an area west of the CPS right-of-way to Interstate Highway 35.

NOTE 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Contracts (Continued)

The City entered into several sublease agreements through the Regional Water Resource Development Corporation (the primary lessee). The sublease gives the City additional annual water rights from the Edwards Aquifer. The lease currently calls for an annual payment of \$93,216. The City evaluates annually whether or not to enter into any new sublease agreements.

Tax Increment Financing (the "Zone")

The City is a principal in the City of Live Oak Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #1, pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code. Under the terms of the Zone agreement, the City of Live Oak and Bexar County are partially funding infrastructure improvements through tax increment financing to the Woodcrest Residential Development.

At the time the Zone was created, the property tax base was "frozen" and 50% of the increment taxes resulting from the increases to the property tax base are being used to finance Zone improvements, along with annual interim costs at 7% of projected improvement costs. Project costs to date are \$2,143,789 (including annual interest charges). The total projected cost was \$4,104,906. Project costs of the developer will be funded up to 50% of the tax increment generated by the City of Live Oak and Bexar County. The Zone terminates when the City and County fund up to 50% of the projected project costs or December 31, 2019, whichever occurs first. At September 30, 2013, the total outstanding amount to be paid is approximately \$240,099.

Litigation

The City is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management is of the opinion that the City's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the City, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for property and casualty, and workers compensation. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of risk sharing among pool participants and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by the provider. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2013 were \$203,253 for property and casualty and workers compensation coverage. There were no significant increases or decreases in coverage from fiscal year 2013.

	LIMITS OF COVERAGE			
	EACH OCCURRENCE	CLAIM	AGGREGATE	
General Liability	\$2,000,000 2,000,000	\$	\$4,000,000 4,000,000	
Law Enforcement Liability Errors and Omissions	2,000,000	1,000,000	2,000,000	
Automobile Liability	2,000,000		(4)	
Auto Physical Damage	Actual Value		•	

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Economic Development Corporation
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax
- Schedule of Funding Progress Defined Benefit

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2012)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
<u>REVENUES</u>	.,				
Property Taxes	\$2,904,161	\$ 2,904,161	\$2,966,027	\$ 61,866	\$2,811,656
Sales Tax	4,644,783	4,644,783	4,699,030	54,247	4,650,548
Franchise Taxes	740,700	740,700	790,929	50,229	825,509
Beverage Taxes	80,000	80,000	74,078	(5,922)	67,084
Fines and Fees	424,500	424,500	392,110	(32,390)	355,583
Permits and Fees	374,550	374,550	324,816	(49,734)	323,162
Service Fees	102,350	102,350	95,721	(6,629)	115,483
Intergovernmental	408,166	408,166	470,855	62,689	202,756
Investment Earnings	80,000	80,000	55,556	(24,444)	30,672
Miscellaneous	49,000	49,000	42,780	(6,220)	25,165
Total Revenues	9,808,210	9,808,210	9,911,902	103,692	9,407,618
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Council	221,100	221,100	16,875	204,225	11,640
City Manager	247,090	247,090	225,411	21,679	216,845
City Secretary	506,080	506,080	483,345	22,735	526,266
Municipal Court	197,425	197,425	169,729	27,696	177,024
Finance	372,810	372,810	356,488	16,322	350,566
Planning and Zoning	135,500	135,500	128,891	6,609	115,056
Emergency Management Office	79,935	79,935	75,529	4,406	73,169
Information Technology	434,230	434,230	407,049	27,181	402,227
Development Services	324,680	324,680	293,536	31,144	306,654
Total General Government	2,518,850	2,518,850	2,156,853	361,997	2,179,447
Public Safety					
Police Services	3,012,914	3,012,914	2,989,631	23,283	2,791,675
Fire and EMS	1,964,290	1,964,290	1,918,130	46,160	1,834,420
Dispatch	573,485	573,485	527,623	45,862	573,027
Total Public Safety	5,550,689	5,550,689	5,435,384	115,305	
Total Fublic Salety	_3,330,003		+טנוננדונ	113,303	5,199,122

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2012)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)					
Public Works	£ 020 F00	£ 930 F00	¢ 701.600	\$ 57,820	\$ 729,287
General Service	\$ 839,500	\$ 839,500	\$ 781,680 353,793	60,407	310,082
Street Maintenance	414,200	414,200	193,838	21,122	192,297
Animal Control	214,960 439,600	214,960 439,600	427,635	11,965	427,257
Parks Maintenance					1,658,923
Total Public Works	1,908,260	1,908,260	1,756,946	151,314	1,030,923
Community Service	202 600	203,600	168,400	35,200	231,477
Leisure Services	203,600	205,000	100,400		231,177
Conital Outlay	463,370	463,370	306,740	156,630	613,110
Capital Outlay	103,570	105,570			
Total Expenditures	10,644,769	10,644,769	9,824,323	820,446	9,882,079
Excess (Deficiency)					
of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	<u>(836,559</u>)	(836,559)	<u>87,579</u>	924,138	<u>(474,461</u>)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					407.651
Transfers In	421,563	421,563	421,563	(00.074)	497,651
Transfers Out	(428,569)	<u>(428,569</u>)	<u>(509,443)</u>	(80,874)	(222,558)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(7,006)	(7,006)	(87,880)	(80,874)	275,093
Net Change in Fund Balance	(843,565)	(843,565)	(301)	843,264	(199,368)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	8,168,969	8,168,969	_8,168,969		8,368,337
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$7,325,404</u>	\$ 7,325,404	\$8,168,668	\$ 843,264	\$8,168,969

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS LIVE OAK ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2012)

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
REVENUES				
Sales Taxes	\$1,548,261	\$1,566,344	\$ 18,083	\$1,550,183
Investment Earnings	8,000	985	(7,015)	1,183
Total Revenues	1,556,261	1,567,329	11,068	1,551,366
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	365,670	236,220	129,450	258,991
Capital Outlay	160,000		160,000	167,116
Total Expenditures	525,670	236,220	289,450	426,107
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,030,591	1,331,109	300,518	1,125,259
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	(1,106,385)	(1,106,385)		(1,049,633)
Bonds Issued	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(25	(1,015,055)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,106,385)	(1,106,385)		(1,049,633)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(75,794)	224,724	300,518	75,626
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,030,456	1,030,456		954,830
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 954,662	\$1,255,180	\$ 300,518	\$1,030,456

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
REVENUES Occupancy Tax Service Fees Investment Earnings Total Revenues	\$190,000 315,500 1,000 506,500	\$ 345,329 104,811 1,345 451,485	\$ 155,329 (210,689) 345 (55,015)	\$244,018 299,414 342 543,774
EXPENDITURES				
Current General Government Public Safety Public Works Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	307,000 25,030 273,360 605,390 (98,890)	177,741 5,996 64,955 248,692	129,259 19,034 208,405 356,698	256,453 17,287 186,903 460,643
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets		1,628,272	1,628,272	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(98,890)	1,831,065	1,929,955	83,131
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	416,248	416,248	-	333,117
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$317,358	\$2,247,313	\$ 1,929,955	\$416,248

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds which include the 2005 certificates of obligation fund. Project-length financial plans are adopted for capital projects funds.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. The city manager may transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund; however, transfers between departments and funds must be approved by city council.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at yearend and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments must be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS **	ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY *	FUNDED RATIO (1)/(2)	UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY	COVERED PAYROLL	UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL
12/31/2007	\$10,521,988	\$16,495,800	63.8%	\$5,973,812	\$4,632,869	128.9%
12/31/2008	10,963,677	17,477,118	62.7	6,513,441	4,807,169	135.5
12/31/2009	12,661,863	20,349,280	62.2	7,687,417	5,451,544	141.0
12/31/2010	17,092,390	23,716,882	72.1	6,624,492	5,675,758	116.7
12/31/2011	19,203,674	25,895,172	74.2	6,691,498	5,862,913	114.1
12/31/2012	21,508,279	27,737,630	77.5	6,229,351	6,017,750	103.5

^{*} As of December 31 of the preceding year, the date of the actuarial valuation.

^{**} Assets are stated cost as of December 31 of the preceding year.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes combining and individual financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Individual Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds with Approved Budgets
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund
- Comparative Statements General Fund

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NONMAIOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Forfeiture Fund - to account for the revenues received from seized assets and the corresponding restricted expenditures.

Child Safety Fund - to account for expenditures for the drug awareness and prevention program, school crossing quards, and other child safety programs.

Federal/State Grants Fund - to account for revenues received from federal and state grants and the corresponding expenditures.

Emergency Radio System Fund – to account for revenues received from the rental of the Live Oak Radio System by other agencies and the expenditures necessary to manage and enhance the emergency radio system.

Public Education Fund - to account for revenues received from franchise fees and the expenditures to fund capital items associated with public, educational, and governmental facilities

Court Technology Fund – to account for revenues received from court technology fees and the corresponding restricted expenditures.

Court Security Fund - to account for revenues received from building security fees and the corresponding restricted expenditures.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital projects funds are used to account for proceeds from bond issues and other resources specifically committed for capital expenditures.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	FORFEITURE	CHILD SAFETY	FEDERAL/ STATE GRANTS	EMERGENCY RADIO SYSTEM		
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 27,556	\$53,251	\$ 420	\$ 234,299		
Accounts Receivable - Net of Allowance						
Other	-	1,185	-	29,130		
Due from Other Governments	-		23,095	: X		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 27,556	\$54,436	\$ 23,515	\$ 263,429		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	\$ 1,929	\$ 630	\$ 74,914		
Accrued Liabilities		=				
Due to Other Funds) =	-	22,885			
Total Liabilities		1,929	23,515	74,914		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Forfeiture	27,556		9			
Child Safety		52,507	-			
Emergency Radio System		7 	* I	188,515		
Public Education	3-0	3€	#	-2		
Court Technology	(16 0)	8#1	-			
Court Security			<u>.</u>	Ħ		
Committed:						
Capital Projects	<u></u>			<u>. </u>		
Total Fund Balances	27,556	52,507		188,515		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 27,556</u>	\$54,436	\$ 23,515	\$ 263,429		

				CAPITAL PROJECT	S	
PUBLIC EDUCATION	COURT TECHNOLOGY	COURT SECURITY	CAPITAL PROJECTS	2005 CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION FUND	WOODCREST PARK DONATIONS	TOTALS
\$ 52,449	\$ 108,631	\$45,470	\$455,751	\$ 67,185	\$ 107,524	\$1,152,536
9,303	#46	<u> </u>	5	3,000		42,618 23,095
<u>\$ 61,752</u>	<u>\$ 108,631</u>	\$45,470	<u>\$455,751</u>	\$ 70,185	\$ 107,524	\$1,218,249
\$ - - - -	\$ 4,442 4,442	\$ - 189 - 189	\$ 35,170 - - 35,170	\$	\$ - - -	\$ 117,085 189 22,885 140,159
				_	-	27,556
=	*		-			52,507
	350)				₩:	188,515
61,752	<u></u>			-	2	61,752
01,752	104,189		(#)			104,189
77 78	104,103	45,281	·=0	•	æJ	45,281
61,752	104,189	45,281	420,581 420,581	70,185 70,185	107,524 107,524	598,290 1,078,090
\$ 61,752	\$ 108,631	\$45,470	\$455,751	\$ 70,185	\$ 107,524	\$1,218,249

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
DEVENUE	FORFEITURE	CHILD SAFETY	FEDERAL/ STATE GRANTS	EMERGENCY RADIO SYSTEM			
REVENUES		_					
Franchise Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ =	\$ -			
Fines and Fees	11,822	17,144	2	*			
Service Fees		6 5 5		83,842			
Intergovernmental Investment Earnings	40	20	3,095	:=:			
	48	39	-	177			
Total Revenues	11,870	_17,183	3,095	84,019			
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government	920	-	121				
Public Safety	36,974	5,681	•	86,240			
Public Works	30,37	2,532	-	60,240			
Capital Outlay	10,490	2,552	3,095	#i			
Total Expenditures		0.212		05.240			
Total Experiultures	47,464	8,213	_3,095	86,240			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(35,594)	8,970		(2,221)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	42	22	-	25,028			
		·					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(35,594)	8,970	<u>~</u>	22,807			
				,			
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	63,150	_43,537		165,708			
FUND BALANCES							
AT END OF YEAR	\$ 27,556	\$52,507	\$ -	\$ 188,515			

				CAPITAL PROJECTS			
PUBLIC EDUCATION	COURT TECHNOLOGY	COURT SECURITY	CAPITAL PROJECTS	2005 CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION FUND	WOODCREST PARK DONATIONS	TOTALS	
\$ 27,852 	\$ - 10,653 - - 104 10,757	\$ - 7,988 - - 40 8,028	\$ - - 198 198	\$ 	\$ 97 97	\$ 27,852 47,607 83,842 3,095 789 163,185	
	17,387	5,428	86,001 - 111,645 197,646	· · ·	2,995	111,811 128,895 2,532 125,230 368,468	
27,876	(6,630)	2,600	(197,448)	62	(2,898)	(205,283)	
	-	·	402,488	<u>-</u>		427,516	
27,876	(6,630)	2,600	205,040	62	(2,898)	222,233	
33,876	110,819	42,681	215,541	70,123	110,422	855,857	
<u>\$ 61,752</u>	<u>\$ 104,189</u>	\$45,281	\$420,581	\$ 70,185	\$ 107,524	\$1,078,090	

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FORFEITURE

DEMENTALIS	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
REVENUES Fines and Fees	£ 10.000	# 11 000		_
	\$ 10,000	\$ 11,822	\$ 1,822	\$
Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	150	48	(102)	65
				-
Total Revenues	10,150	11,870	1,720	65
EXPENDITURES Public Safety Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	37,500 10,000 47,500	36,974 10,490 47,464	526 (490) 36	
Net Change in Fund				
Balance	(37,350)	(35,594)	1,756	65
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	63,150	63,150		63,085
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 25,800	\$ 27,556	\$ 1,756	\$ 63,150

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHILD SAFETY

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
REVENUES		***	£ 5144	61450 5
Fines and Fees	\$12,000	\$17,144	\$ 5,144 39	\$ 14,595 46
Investment Earnings		39		8
Total Revenues	12,000	<u> 17,183</u>	5,183	<u> 14,641</u>
EXPENDITURES Public Works	6,000	2,532	3,468	1,928
Public Safety	6,000	5,681	319	5,993
Total Expenditures	12,000	8,213	3,787	7,921
Net Change in Fund Balance	*	8,970	8,970	6,720
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	43,537	43,537		36,817
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$43,537	\$52,507	\$ 8,970	<u>\$43,537</u>

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FEDERAL/STATE GRANTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2012)

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$42,833	\$ 3,095	\$ (39,738)	\$22,032
Miscellaneous	-		-	:
Total Revenues	_42,833	3,095	(39,738)	22,032
EXPENDITURES Public Safety Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		3,095 3,095	39,738 39,738	22,032 22,032
Net Change in Fund Balance	3 = 3		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING				<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$	\$ -

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

EMERGENCY RADIO SYSTEM FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2012)

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
REVENUES	£ 22.600	£ 02 047	\$ 60,042	\$ 85,898
Service Fees	\$ 23,800	\$ 83,842	\$ 00,042	153,903
Intergovernmental	50	177	127	227
Investment Earnings	23,850	84,019	60,169	240,028
Total Revenues	23,630	04,013		
EXPENDITURES Public Sofoty	133,270	86,240	47,030	378,815
Public Safety	155,276	00,210	,	583,752
Capital Outlay Bond Issue Cost		<u>.</u>	<u></u>	22,530
	133,270	86,240	47,030	985,097
Total Expenditures		00,210	17,030	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(109,420)	(2,221)	107,199	(745,069)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Bonds Issued	€	-	-	550,000
Transfers In	48,475	25,028	(23,447)	:#:
Total Other Financing	-			
Sources (Uses)	48,475	25,028	(23,447)	550,000
Jources (oses)		·		
Net Change in Fund				
Balance	(60,945)	22,807	83,752	(195,069)
para				
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	_165,708	165,708	<u> </u>	360,777
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 104,763	<u>\$188,515</u>	<u>\$ 83,752</u>	\$165,708

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC EDUCATION FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2012)

	ORIGINAL		VARIANCE WITH	
	AND	2013	FINAL BUDGET	2012
	FINAL	ACTUAL	POSITIVE	ACTUAL
	BUDGET	AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)	AMOUNTS
REVENUES	,			
Franchise Fees	\$ 27,500	\$ 27,852	\$ 352	\$ 26,955
Investment Earnings	200	24	24	
Total Revenues	27,500	27,876	376	26,955
Net Change in Fund				
Balance	27,500	27,876	376	26,955
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	33,876	33,876		6,921
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 61,376	\$ 61,752	\$ 376	\$ 33,876

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURT TECHNOLOGY

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
REVENUES Fines and Fees Investment Earnings Total Revenues	\$ 12,000 <u>250</u> 12,250	\$ 10,653 104 10,757	\$ (1,347) (146) (1,493)	\$ 9,024 125 9,149
EXPENDITURES General Government	32,000	17,387	14,613	6,252
Net Change in Fund Balance	(19,750)	(6,630)	13,120	2,897
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	110,819	110,819	-	107,922
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 91,069	\$104,189	\$ 13,120	\$110,819

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURT SECURITY

REVENUES	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	2013 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
Fines and Fees Investment Earnings Total Revenues	\$10,000 100 10,100	\$ 7,988 40 8,028	\$ (2,012) (60) (2,072)	\$ 6,768 77 6,845
EXPENDITURES General Government Net Change in Fund Balance	20,060	<u>5,428</u> 2,600	14,632 12,560	<u>8,278</u> (1,433)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	42,681	42,681		_44,114
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$32,721</u>	\$45,281	\$ 12,560	\$42,681

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL	2013 ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2012 ACTUAL AMOUNTS
REVENUES Property Taxes Investment Earnings	\$ 782,855 600	* 792,184 237	\$ 9,329 (363)	\$ 787,857 629
Total Revenues	783,455	792,421	8,966	788,486
EXPENDITURES Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,235,000 714,123 1,949,123 (1,165,668)	1,115,000 705,915 1,820,915 (1,028,494)	120,000 8,208 128,208	1,070,000 739,908 1,809,908 (1,021,422)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In Net Change in Fund Balance	1,165,668	1,039,473 10,979	(126,195) 10,979	<u>986,302</u> (35,120)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	271,763	271,763		306,883
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 271,763	\$ 282,742	\$ 10,979	\$ 271,763

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30,

	2013	2012
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,375,245	\$ 3,437,991
Investments	6,868,613	4,595,659
Receivables		
Ad Valorem Taxes (Net of		
Allowance for Uncollectibles		
of \$7,125 and \$6,603)	33,301	44,339
Sales Taxes	743,921	751,847
Franchise Taxes	168,726	171,144
Other	249,182	279,918
Due from Other Governments	1,162	1,666
Due from Other Funds	22,885	22,885
Accrued Interest	18,249	5,315
Prepaid Items	18,730	19,307
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,500,014	\$ 9,330,071
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 474,569	\$ 306,000
Accrued Liabilities	217,348	190,659
Deferred/Unearned Revenue	639,429	664,443
Total Liabilities	1,331,346	1,161,102
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable		
Prepaid Items	18,730	19,307
Restricted	. 0,. 50	13,307
Weed Abatement	8,827	12,323
Committed	0,0=7	12,323
Asset Replacement	1,625,100	1,572,184
Unassigned	6,516,011	6,565,155
Total Fund Balances	8,168,668	8,168,969
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,500,014	\$ 9,330,071

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

	2013	2012
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	\$ 2,966,027	\$ 2,811,656
Sales Taxes	4,699,030	4,650,548
Franchise Taxes	790,929	825,509
Beverage Taxes	74,078	67,084
Fines and Fees	392,110	355,583
Permits and Fees	324,816	323,162
Service Fees	95,721	115,483
Intergovernmental	470,855	202,756
Investment Earnings	55,556	30,672
Miscellaneous	42,780	25,165
Total Revenues	9,911,902	9,407,618
EXPENDITURES	2,156,853	2,179,447
General Government	5,435,384	5,199,122
Public Safety	1,756,946	1,658,923
Public Works	•	231,477
Community Services	168,400 306,740	613,110
Capital Outlay		
Total Expenditures	9,824,323	9,882,079
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		10 . 50-20-270
Over (Under) Expenditures	87,579	(474,461)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (LISES)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	421,563	497,651
Transfers Out	(509,443)	(222,558)
	(87,880)	275,093
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(301)	(199,368)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,168,969	8,368,337
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$_8,168,668	\$ 8,168,969

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Live Oak's annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about Live Oak's overall financial health.

Contents _____Tables

Financial Trends

1 through 4

Net Position by Component Change in Net Position Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

5 through 10

Tax Revenues by Source – Governmental Funds Top 20 Sales Tax Providers Property Tax Levies and Collections Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Assessed Taxable Values Principal Property Taxpayers

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales tax.

Debt Capacity

11 through 13

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Legal Debt Margin Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

14 through 15

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information

16 through 18

Operating Indicators by Function
Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function

These tables contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS NET POSITION, BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004	2005	2006	2007
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 1,884,737 698,434 4,469,196	\$ 2,416,552 937,911 5,454,776	\$ 3,190,628 1,104,094 6,194,951	\$ 4,038,089 1,078,124 7,769,020
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION	\$ 7,052,367	\$ 8,809,239	\$10,489,673	\$12,885,233
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$ 5,168,889 1,941,191	\$ 5,355,954 1,304,766	\$ 5,998,464 1,063,981	\$ 5,724,282 1,484,166
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NET POSITION	\$ 7,110,080	\$ 6,660,720	\$ 7,062,445	\$ 7,208,448
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 7,053,626 698,434 6,410,387	\$ 7,772,506 937,911 6,759,542	\$ 9,189,092 1,104,094 7,258,932	\$ 9,762,371 1,078,124 9,253,186
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET POSITION	\$14,162,447	\$15,469,959	<u>\$17,552,118</u>	\$20,093,681

TABLE 1

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 4,769,956	\$ 6,494,007	\$ 7,660,148	\$ 7,660,148	\$ 8,073,159	\$ 8,441,921
1,096,435	941,509	1,277,624	1,277,624	1,160,105	3,018,682 10,129,923
9,598,385	8,576,444	9,984,672	9,984,672	9,741,537	10,129,923
\$15,464,776	\$16,011,960	\$18,922,444	\$18,922,444	\$18,974,801	\$21,590,526
\$ 5,466,484	\$ 5,326,566	\$ 5,048,551	\$ 4,872,400	\$ 5,264,573	\$ 5,095,397
1,835,916	2,126,850	2,331,113	2,462,678	2,100,154	2,373,622
\$ 7,302,400	\$ 7,453,416	\$ 7,379,664	\$ 7,335,078	\$ 7,364,727	<u>\$ 7,469,019</u>
\$10,236,440	\$11,820,573	\$12,708,699	\$12,532,548	\$13,337,732	\$13,537,318
1,096,435	941,509	1,277,624	1,277,624	1,160,105	3,018,682
11,434,301	10,703,294	12,315,785	12,447,350	11,841,691	12,503,545
\$22,767,176	\$23,465,376	\$26,302,108	\$26,257,522	\$26,339,528	\$29,059,545

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004	2005	2006	2007
EXPENSES				
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 1,618,384	\$ 1,467,600	\$ 1,913,249	\$ 1,727,904
Public Safety	3,790,243	3,888,472	4,184,312	4,532,582
Public Works	2,023,608	1,839,428	1,769,316	1,789,777
Community Services	112,454	89,996	142,156	136,224
Interest on Long-Term Debt	305,199	840,185	937,454	959,606
Capital Outlay		178,168		
Total Governmental Activities	7,849,888	8,303,849	8,946,487	9,146,093
Business-Type Activities				
Water and Wastewater Utilities	1,959,902	2,786,243	1,967,548	2,140,453
Utility Development Replacement	1,333,302	2,700,213	1,507,540	2,140,433
and Renewal	108,427	118,665	80,965	66,829
Storm Water Fund				00,023
Total Business-Type Activities	2,068,329	2,904,908	2,048,513	2,207,282
Total Brimer Community				
Total Primary Government	0.010.217	11 200 757	10.005.000	11 252 275
Expenses	9,918,217	11,208,757	10,995,000	11,353,375
PROGRAM REVENUES				
Governmental Activities				
Charges for Service				
General Government	808,879	290,360	353,098	460,842
Public Safety	237,795	498,664	492,568	658,050
Public Works	398,409	385,930	456,875	512,209
Community Services	263,912	28,828	49,610	52,478
Operating Grants and Contributions	206,902	1,034,822	1,433,601	1,190,606
Capital Grants and Contributions	381,290	404,484	37,238	147,000
Total Governmental Activities				
Program Revenues	2,297,187	2,643,088	2,822,990	3,021,185
Bushana Tura Assistata				
Business-Type Activities				
Charges for Service				
Water and Wastewater Utilities	2,005,051	2,659,184	2,412,074	2,609,911
Utility Development Replacement				
and Renewal	異	~	2	· ·
Storm Water Fund	_	:•:	_	
Capital Grants and Contributions	-			
		***************************************	: 	
Total Business-Type Activities				
Program Revenues	2,005,051	2,659,184	2,412,074	2,609,911
Total Primary Government				
Program Revenues	4,302,238	5,302,272	5,235,064	5,631,096
		5,502,272		

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	A				
\$ 1,949,897 4,604,325 1,998,935 158,604 926,629	\$ 2,241,114 4,917,942 2,108,618 150,041 892,894	\$ 2,539,637 5,651,105 2,359,455 157,376 858,184	\$ 3,267,821 5,961,954 2,459,804 173,002 731,021	\$ 3,145,186 6,190,610 2,633,267 231,477 749,670	\$ 2,894,648 6,082,404 2,645,246 168,400 714,076
9,638,390	10,310,609	11,565,757	12,593,602	12,950,210	12,504,774
2,797,398	2,485,643	2,726,386	3,237,249	2,869,242	2,967,953
57,199	64,269 378,638	163,493 375,347	188,075 380,789	150,435 422,827	227,632 408,917
2,854,597	2,928,550	3,265,226	3,806,113	3,442,504	3,604,502
12,492,987	13,239,159	14,830,983	16,399,715	16,392,714	16,109,276
427,744 740,163 594,974 53,092 1,810,682 41,125	406,207 432,035 229,949 56,278 1,271,376 3,375	382,722 1,315,857 374,441 59,846 89,986	387,329 497,400 405,199 58,355 92,968	458,595 621,369 269,836 48,986 175,935	583,196 635,248 270,191 55,676 3,095 413,886
3,007,780	2,399,220	2,222,032	3,111,221	1,011,111	
3,217,871	2,782,143	2,890,678	3,476,022	3,278,597	3,427,956
(2)		(6	-	4,017	2,339
	336,092 44,500	638,633	602,902	538,236	548,990
3,217,871	3,162,735	3,529,311	4,078,924	3,820,850	3,979,285
6,885,651	5,561,955	5,752,163	5,520,175	5,395,571	5,940,577

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS CHANGE IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004	2005	2006	2007
Net (Expense) Revenues				
Governmental Activities	\$(5,552,701)	\$(5,660,761)	\$(6,123,497)	\$(6,124,908)
Business-Type Activities	(63,278)	(245,724)	363,561	402,629
Total Primary Government	(-0,-1,-0)	(= 15)1 = 17		102,025
Net Expenses	(5,615,979)	(5,906,485)	(5,759,936)	(5,722,279)
rec Expenses	(3,013,373)	(5,500,405)	(3,733,330)	(3,722,279)
GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND OTHER				
CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
Governmental Activities				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	1,514,097	2,236,777	2,070,122	2,309,242
Sales Taxes	3,245,739	3,715,684	3,823,324	4,110,521
Franchise Taxes	463,353	528,628	573,885	631,709
Beverage Taxes	27,278	46,837	59,046	60,625
Occupancy Taxes	191,289	203,410	210,113	209,117
Interest and Investment Earnings	95,239	367,028	695,967	828,381
Sale of Capital Assets		¥	92	=
Miscellaneous	21,001	14,294	53,370	53,379
Transfers	122,500	304,975	318,104	317,494
Total Governmental Activities	5,680,496	_7,417,633	7,803,931	8,520,468
P. C. A. M. M.				
Business-Type Activities			200140	
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions	22.214	44.720	308,149	4,500
Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	23,314	44,729	40,011	54,532
Transfers	359	497	8,108	1,836
	(122,500)	(304,975)	(318,104)	(317,494)
Total Business-Type Activities	(98,827)	(259,749)	38,164	(256,626)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
Governmental Activities	127,795	1,756,872	1,680,434	2,395,560
Business-Type Activities	(162,105)	(505,473)	401,725	146,003
	(102,103)	(505,475)	101,723	170,003
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ (34,310)	\$ 1,251,399	\$ 2,082,159	\$ 2,541,563

TABLE 2 (CONTINUED)

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$(5,970,610) <u>363,274</u>	\$(7,911,389) 234,185	\$(9,342,905) 264,085	\$(11,152,351) 272,811	\$(11,375,489) 378,346	\$(10,543,482) <u>374,783</u>
(5,607,336)	(7,677,204)	(9,078,820)	(10,879,540)	(10,997,143)	(10,168,699)
2,551,884	3,031,549	3,542,393	3,631,698	3,657,100	3,728,011
4,113,296	4,113,131	5,600,972	5,883,522	6,200,731	6,265,374
662,237	717,274	810,184	812,004	852,464	818,781
62,845	77,701	82,225	81,905	67,084	74,078
211,669	185,162	156,639	166,460	244,018	345,329
496,053	137,002	57,975	51,499	33,704	58,912
	120	₩	(*)	(40)	1,577,767
131,953	98,183	55,112	138,072	21,595	18,231
320,216	98,570	342,051	320,338	351,150	272,724
8,550,153	8,458,572	10,647,551	_11,085,498	11,427,846	13,159,207
<u>.</u>	;±			9	: <u>:</u>
49,538	15,401	4,214	2,941	2,453	2,233
1,356	-		*	200 Marie	S#3
(320,216)	(98,570)	(342,051)	(320,338)	(351,150)	(272,724)
(269,322)	(83,169)	(337,837)	(317,397)	(348,697)	(270,491)
					
2 570 542	547,183	1,304,646	(66,853)	52,357	2,615,725
2,579,543	151,016	(73,752)	(44,586)	29,649	104,292
93,952		(13,132)	(47,500)		·
\$ 2,673,495	\$ 698,199	\$ 1,230,894	<u>\$ (111,439)</u>	\$ 82,006	\$ 2,720,017

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004	2005	2006	2007
GENERAL FUND				
Reserved	\$ 685,623	\$ 379,119	\$ 24,634	\$ 20,790
Unreserved	3,625,422	4,619,576	5,653,296	7,010,350
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items	(*)	(e)	*	÷
Restricted:				
Weed Abatement		(-	=	
Committed:				
Asset Replacement	380		-	121
Unassigned:			- 	;(* :
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 4,311,045	\$ 4,998,695	\$ 5,677,930	\$7,031,140
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				
Reserved	\$ 90,743	\$ 68,253	\$ 240,903	\$ 183,327
Unreserved, Reported in:				
Special Revenue Funds	735,791	621,109	615,179	694,538
Capital Project Funds*	12,431,530	11,084,685	12,940,858	8,238,013
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items	<u>=</u>	-	÷	•
Restricted:				
Special Revenue Funds	*	*	*	(w)
Debt Service	=	(=)		7 4 %
Committed:				
Economic Development	2	*		•
Capital Projects Funds		-		-
TOTAL ALL OTHER				
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	<u>\$13,258,064</u>	\$11,774,047	\$13,796,940	\$9,115,878

Notes:

With the Implementation of GASB 54, fund balance will be reported differently beginning in 2011. The information will be presented on a prospective basis.

^{*}In 2004, the City issued General Obligation Bonds to fund capital projects.

^{*}In 2006, the City issued General Certificates of Obligation to fund capital projects.

TABLE 3

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 16,678 7,825,520	\$ 73,398 8,127,315	\$ 38,465 8,380,372	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
£	7 -	S=3	15,548	19,307	18,730
-	I(= E	: = :	17,988	12,323	8,827
	HT.		1,784,217 6,550,584	1,572,184 6,565,155	1,625,100 6,516,011
\$7,842,198	\$8,200,713	\$8,418,837	\$8,368,337	\$ 8,168,969	\$8,168,668
\$ 934,274	\$ 783,126	\$1,567,597	\$ -	\$	\$ -
303,594 3,696,883	274,038 1,703,372	1,980,717 338,044	(€)1 (€)1		
÷	8₽	:=:	6,346	1,245	3,495
*	: e-	.e.	952,753 306,883	876,019 271,763	2,727,113 282,742
2			948,484 480,357	1,029,211 396,086	1,251,685 598,290
\$4,934,751	\$2,7 <u>60,536</u>	\$3,886,358	\$2,694,823	\$ 2,574,324	\$4,863,325

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004	2005	2006	2007
<u>REVENUES</u>	,		***	
Taxes	\$ 5,409,223	\$6,654,847	\$6,760,437	\$ 7,301,639
Fines and Fees	515,520	547,103	519,420	503,053
Permits and Fees	343,821	373,118	466,447	522,866
Service Fees	310,349	303,899	366,284	476,851
Intergovernmental	1,053,081	1,063,680	1,467,138	1,337,605
Investment Earnings	95,239	367,021	695,967	829,670
Park Donations	*	-	<u>u</u>	
Miscellaneous	74,416	318,022	53,870	53,379
Total Revenues	7,801,649	9,627,690	10,329,563	11,025,063
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	1,594,528	1,370,414	1,695,110	1,518,565
Public Safety	3,410,450	3,569,408	3,845,347	4,100,652
Public Works	1,835,860	1,650,237	1,487,248	1,525,635
Community Services	66,768	88,991	141,205	136,813
Debt Service	00,700	00,991	141,203	130,013
Principal	231,549	580,000	865,000	855,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	514,878	771,524	1,081,273	972,946
Capital Projects/Outlay	156,210	2,571,045	4,182,509	5,560,798
Total Expenditures				
Total Expellattares	7,810,243	10,601,619	13,297,692	14,670,409
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,594)	(973,929)	(2,968,129)	(3,645,346)
	a de la companya de l			(3)0 (3)3 (0)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	225,376	373,403	388,877	385,267
Transfers Out	(102,876)	(68,428)	(70,773)	(67,773)
Sale of Capital Assets	ia 	温小	3-8	
Proceeds of Long-Term Financing	12,696,287		_5,358,403	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,818,787	304,975	5,676,507	317,494
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$12,810,193	\$ (668,954)	\$2,708,378	\$(3,327,852)
Debt Service as a Percentage of				
Noncapital Expenditures	9.75%	16.83%	21.35%	20.07%

TABLE 4

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	£ 0 115 750	¢10.045.060	\$10,527,601	\$10,963,810	\$11,261,773
\$ 7,611,875	\$ 8,115,759	\$10,045,969	408,919	385,970	439,717
816,140	580,709	528,495 421,730	443,903	323,162	324,816
631,038	258,750	725,494	557,962	500,795	284,374
412,934	415,268 1,118,038	204,883	198,987	378,691	473,950
1,851,807	137,002	57,975	51,499	33,704	58,912
496,053	156,713	5,61,00	21,122		9.€
131,953	98,183	161,612	162,504	25,165	42,780
	10,880,422	12,146,158	12,351,375	12,611,297	12,886,322
11,951,800	10,000,422	12,140,130	12,551,515	1910111=11	
1 700 022	2,093,020	2,438,041	3,176,380	2,933,418	2,682,625
1,789,022 4,174,524	4,375,773	5,015,890	5,317,197	5,601,217	5,570,275
1,627,949	1,422,997	1,657,466	1,758,536	1,847,754	1,824,433
157,990	176,890	157,376	173,002	231,477	168,400
137,330	170,030	,	,		
890,000	920,000	950,000	990,000	1,070,000	1,115,000
938,936	905,398	870,673	784,011	762,438	705,915
6,063,664	2,900,614	1,615,326	1,717,896	1,386,010	431,970
15,642,085	12,794,692	12,704,772	13,917,022	13,832,314	12,498,618
15,012,005		- 1 - 1 - 1			
			760	W 001 017V	207 704
(3,690,285)	(1,914,270)	<u>(558,614</u>)	(1,565,647)	(1,221,017)	387,704
			===	1 622 241	1 000 553
1,189,938	386,773	1,934,595	1,407,573	1,623,341	1,888,552
(869,722)	(288,203)	(1,592,544)	(1,087,235)	(1,272,191)	(1,615,828)
		2	2 274	E 5 0 0 0 0	1,628,272
(.			3,274	550,000	1 000 006
320,216	98,570	342,051	323,612	901,150	1,900,996
		+ (0.0.0.00)	# (1 2.42 02E)	# (210.967)	¢ 2 200 700
<u>\$(3,370,069</u>)	<u>\$(1,815,700)</u>	<u>\$ (216,563)</u>	\$ (1,242,035)	<u>\$ (319,867)</u>	\$ 2,288,700
		1.0.430/	1.4.5.40/	1 / 7 7 9/	15 00%
18.87%	18.17%	16.42%	14.54%	14.72%	15.09%

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 5

FISCAL YEAR	PROPERTY	SALES AND USE	FRANCHISE	MIXED BEVERAGE	OCCUPANCY	TOTAL REVENUE
2004	\$1,500,400	\$3,226,903	\$ 463,353	\$ 27,278	\$191,289	\$5,409,223
2005	2,232,806	3,643,166	528,628	46,837	203,410	6,654,847
2006	2,062,458	3,854,935	573,885	59,046	210,113	6,760,437
2007	2,317,376	4,082,812	631,709	60,625	209,117	7,301,639
2008	2,550,817	4,124,307	662,237	62,845	211,669	7,611,875
2009	3,015,749	4,119,873	717,274	77,701	185,162	8,115,759
2010	3,395,949	5,660,972	810,184	82,225	156,639	10,105,969
2011	3,583,711	5,883,522	812,003	81,905	166,460	10,527,601
2012	3,599,513	6,200,731	852,464	67,084	244,018	10,963,810
2013	3,758,211	6,265,374	818,781	74,078	345,329	11,261,773

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS TOP 20 SALES TAX PROVIDERS BY BUSINESS CLASS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 6

	20	12/13	201	11/12	20	10/11	200	09/10	20	08/09
		% OF		% OF		% OF	^-	% OF		% OF
BUSINESS CLASS	RANK	TOTAL	RANK	TOTAL	RANK	TOTAL	RANK	TOTAL	RANK	TOTAL
	,	17.76/	1	12.4%	1	12.4%	1	13.2%	1	15.8%
Radio, TV, and Other Electronics	1	12.2%	1		1		2	10.7	3	11.4
Home Centers	2	11.3	2	10.7	2	10.7	2	10.7	2	11.8
Discount Department Stores	3	9.8	3	10.0	3	10.3	3			
Full-Service Restaurant	4	8.8	4	9.2	4	10.2	4	10.1	4	9.3
Department Stores	5	6.0	5	6.3	5	6.5	5	6.6	5	63.7
Limited-Service Restaurant	6	5.5	6	5.2	6	4.3	8	3.5	9	3.6
Wired Telecommunication	7	4.3	7	4.3	7	4.2	6	5.0	7	4.7
Other Retail	8	3.8	8	4.0	8	3.9	11	3.1	•	*
Jewelry Stores	9	3.7	10	3.3	11	3.2	7	2.6	12	1.8
Motion Picture Theaters	10	3.6	9	3.5	9	3.6	13	4.1	8	4.0
New Car Dealers	11	3.2	11	3.3	10	3.3	9	3.4	10	3.1
Other Apparel Stores	12	3.1	12	3.1	12	3.1	10	3.1	11	3.1
Health Care and Social	13	2.6	13	2.3	13	2.7	12	2.8	6	4.7
Tire Dealers	14	2.1	14	2.0	14	1.9	16	1.8	14	1.4
Wholesalers Durable	15	1.5	16	1.2	17	1.2	15	(0)	16	1.4
Elec Power Gen, Trans	16	1.3	17	1.2	16	1.4	•	1.3	17	1.3
Automotive Repair/Maint	17	1.2	18	1.2	18	1.1	17	1.2	18	1.1
Direct Selling Establishment	18	1.1	19	1.1	19	1.1	18	1.0	20	0.9
Furniture Stores	19	1.1	15	1.3	15	1.8	20	2.0	15	1.4
Amusement, Gambling, Recreation	20	1.0	20	1.0	20	1.0		€.		-
Not Reported by State	20	a		34	*	*	14	2.1	13	1.8
Mining		3.€		٠			19	1.0		
Women's Clothing	•	3	•	•	ě	٠	•	ĸ	19	0.9

Source: Muniservices

^{*}Ten years of data will be accumulated. Data prior to 2008 is not currently available.

^{**}Texas Tax Code 321.3022(c) declares specific information on vendor and amounts to be confidential and is not subject to public inspection. The City of Live Oak understands the value of this information and determined that presentation by business class is the best way to convey this information.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 7

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	TAXES LEVIED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR	COLLECTED WITHIN FISCAL YEAR OF LEVY % OF AMOUNT LEVY		COLLECTIONS IN SUBSEQUENT YEARS		TOTAL COLLECTIONS TO DATE % OF AMOUNT LEVY		PENALTIES AND INTEREST
JEI TEMBER 30,	TISCAL TEAK	AMOUNT	LLVI	-	TLAKS	AMOUNT	LEVY_	COLLECTED
2004	\$1,524,558	\$1,488,246	97.6%	\$	36,312	\$1,524,558	100.0%	8,071
2005	2,211,411	2,193,585	99.2%		17,826	2,211,411	100.0%	24,363
2006	2,103,091	2,079,711	98.9%		23,380	2,103,091	100.0%	16,812
2007	2,360,097	2,342,774	99.3%		17,323	2,360,097	100.0%	14,859
2008	2,616,658	2,599,429	99.3%		16,608	2,616,037	99.9%	14,045
2009	3,184,637	3,156,003	99.1%		25,246	3,181,249	99.9%	13,392
2010	3,602,995	3,564,494	98.9%		29,165	3,593,659	99.7%	16,203
2011	3,727,705	3,710,594	99.5%		12,850	3,723,444	99.9%	20,734
2012	3,823,938	3,799,510	99.4%		17,083	3,816,593	99.8%	11,762
2013	3,919,285	3,904,807	99.6%		•	3,904,807	99.6%	16,300

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 8

	CIT	y direct rat	ATES* OVERLAPPING RATES*							
									BEXAR	
				JUDSON	NORTHEAST				COUNTY	
				INDEPENDENT	INDEPENDENT		SAN ANTONIO		FLOOD	UNIVERSITY
FISCAL	GENERAL	DEBT	TOTAL	SCHOOL	SCHOOL	ALAMO	RIVER	BEXAR	CONTROL	HEALTH
YEAR	M & O	SERVICE	DIRECT	DISTRICT	DISTRICT	CCD	_AUTHORITY_	COUNTY	DISTRICT	SYSTEM
							N			
2004	0.335000	0.000000	0.335000	1.7760	1.76250	0.10705	0.016425	0.243870	0.016000	0.243869
2005	0.314837	0.150163	0.465000	1.7760	1.76400	0.10705	0.016425	0.317571	0.016425	0.243869
2006	0.251521	0.158479	0.410000	1.7760	1.79400	0.10705	0.016425	0.318471	0.012719	0.243869
2007	0.250039	0.134961	0.385000	1.6360	1.66900	0.13710	0.016045	0.314147	0.012719	0.243869
2008	0.255248	0.109152	0.364400	1.4100	1.40290	0.13455	0.015951	0.295104	0.031762	0.237408
2009	0.301238	0.103893	0.405131	1.4650	1.40290	0.13586	0.015951	0.289399	0.037467	0.261022
2010	0.350000	0.099369	0.449369	1.4630	1.40290	0.135855	0.015951	0.296187	0.030679	0.266235
2011	0.373790	0.102993	0.476783	1.4630	1.40290	0.141623	0.016652	0.296187	0.030679	0.276235
2012	0.378511	0.098780	0.477291	1.4250	1.4250	0.149150	0.017370	0.296187	0.030679	0.276235
2012	0.367903	0.095252	0.463155	1.4250	1.44060	0.149150	0.017798	0.296187	0.030679	0.276235

Source: Bexar Appraisal District.

^{*}Rates are set the previous October 1 to fund the operations of the fiscal year as shown.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 9

FISCAL						
YEAR	TAXABLE			LESS:	TOTAL TAXABLE	TOTAL
ENDED	VALUE	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	TAX-EXEMPT	ASSESSED	DIRECT
SEPTEMBER 30,	JANUARY 1,	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	VALUE*	TAX RATE
			: 			· //
2004	2003	\$277,520,352	\$241,230,500	\$64,187,543	\$ 454,563,309	0.335000
2005	2004	288,349,486	261,993,642	74,722,566	475,620,562	0.465000
2006	2005	313,821,282	287,083,657	87,960,998	512,943,941	0.410000
2007	2006	357,648,339	359,785,742	102,460,249	614,973,832	0.385000
2008	2007	422,559,128	410,578,741	110,319,263	722,818,606	0.364400
2009	2008	457,554,075	485,020,811	146,791,505	795,783,381	0.405131
2010	2009	452,807,042	518,243,548	151,480,897	819,569,693	0.449369
2011	2010	444,881,523	508,132,623	158,642,440	794,371,706	0.476783
2012	2011	462,465,883	510,152,136	159,775,982	812,842,037	0.477291
2013	2012	476,696,234	537,299,352	157,838,602	856,156,984	0.463155

Source: Bexar Appraisal District.

^{*}Total taxable assessed value and total estimated actual value of taxable property is the same. Total taxable assessed value reported is not adjusted for enacted freeze on property values for certain taxpayers, which became effective September 20, 2005. The freeze-adjusted taxable value for the 2012 tax roll was \$820,309,981.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 10

	201		
			% OF TOTAL
	ASSESSED		ASSESSED
TAXPAYER	VALUATION	RANK	VALUATION
Mira Loma, LLC	\$ 50,651,329	1	5.92%
Randolph Brooks Federal Credit Union	44,500,144	2	5.20%
Methodist Healthcare System S.A.	41,959,742	3	4.90%
MBS-Colonade, Ltd	28,900,000	4	3.38%
Continental 136 Fund	28,000,000	5	3.27%
Redus TX Properties, L.L.C.	19,882,020	6	2.32%
SA Development Company, LP	14,770,403	7	1.73%
Jordan Ford, Inc.	11,903,060	8	1.39%
Target Corporation	11,902,688	9	1.39%
HD Development Property, LP	11,441,490	10	1.34%
	¢262.010.976		
	<u>\$263,910,876</u>		

Source: Bexar Appraisal District.

^{*}Ten years of data will be accumulated. Data from 2003 is not currently available.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 11

	GOVE	RNMENTAL ACTIV	ITIES			INESS-TYPE CTIVITIES					
FISCAL YEAR	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION	TAX NOTES	_		TAX NOTES	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY	PERCENTAGE OF TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME	*PER CAPITA
		* 4 020 000			*		£17.100.000	£454 652 200	3.8%	8.7%	1,876
2004	\$12,250,000	\$4,930,000	\$	•	\$	•	\$17,180,000	\$454,653,309			-
2005	11,875,000	4,725,000		•			16,600,000	475,620,562	3.5%	7.2%	1,581
2006	11,440,000	9,495,000		ě		-	20,935,000	512,943,941	4.1%	7.6%	1,745
2007	10,995,000	9,085,000		*	8		20,080,000	614,973,832	3.3%	6.8%	1,606
2008	10,535,000	8,655,000		•		-	19,190,000	722,818,606	2.7%	6.5%	1,535
2009	10,519,041	8,210,000				2	18,729,041	795,783,381	2.4%	6.4%	1,390
2010	10,003,807	7,745,000				*	17,748,807	819,569,693	2.2%	5.9%	1,283
2011	12,735,642	4,010,000		÷			16,745,642	794,371,706	2.1%	5.3%	1,255
2012	11,944,203	3,795,000	470,00	0		485,000	16,694,203	812,842,037	2.1%	5.2%	1,222
2013	11,112,764	3,570,000	395,00			365,000	15,442,764	856,156,984	1.8%	4.8%	1,144

Source: Live Oak Annual Budget and Bexar Appraisal District.

^{*}The per capita is derived by dividing the total primary government by the population on Table 14.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

ASSESSED VALUE	\$856,156,984
*DEBT LIMIT (10% of ASSESSED VALUE)	\$ 85,615,698
Outstanding Debt Less: Amount Set Aside for Repayment	\$ 14,850,000
of General Obligation Debt	(282,742)
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	14,567,258
ECONOMIC DEBT MARGIN	\$ 71,048,440

				FISCAL
	2004	2005	2006	2007
Debt Limit Total Net Debt	\$45,465,331	\$47,562,056	\$51,294,394	\$ 61,497,383
Applicable to Limit	(17,126,064)	(16,545,047)	(20,696,414)	_(19,898,990)
ECONOMIC DEBT MARGIN	\$28,339,267	\$31,017,009	\$30,597,980	\$ 41,598,393

^{*}Texas statutes do not prescribe a debt limit, however, by custom a practical debt limit of 10% of the assessed valuation is used.

YEAR					
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$72,281,861	\$79,578,338	\$81,956,969	\$79,437,171	\$ 81,284,204	\$85,615,698
(18,996,178)	(18,044,640)	(17,086,955)	(16,178,117)	(16,178,237)	(14,567,258)
\$53,285,683	\$61,533,698	\$64,870,014	\$63,259,054	\$ 65,105,967	\$71,048,440

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 13

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT	DEBT OUTSTANDING	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE*	ESTIMATED SHARE OF OVERLAPPING DEBT
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes:			
Alamo CCD Bexar County Bexar County Hospital District Judson ISD North East ISD San Antonio River Authority Subtotal - Overlapping Debt	\$ 515,765,000 1,463,640,000 721,615,000 445,954,065 1,444,614,128 27,630,000	0.89% 0.91% 0.80% 8.72% 1.11% 0.73%	\$ 4,590,309 13,319,124 5,772,920 38,887,194 16,035,217 201,699 78,806,463
City of Live Oak - Direct Debt			14,850,000
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$93,656,463

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

*NOTE: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, as least in part, within the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Live Oak, Texas. This process recognizes that, when considering the City of Live Oak's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 14

YEAR	POPULATION	ERSONAL INCOME essed in 1,000's)	PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME	MEDIAN AGE	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	9,156 10,500 12,000 12,500 12,500 13,142 * 13,500 13,131 13,455	\$ 196,552 231,000 276,000 293,750 293,750 283,696 291,425 310,942 316,300	\$ 21,467 22,000 23,000 23,500 23,500 21,587 21,587 23,680 23,508	36.5 36.0 35.0 36.5 36.5 34.3 35.3 36.5 35.5	2,284 2,500 2,800 3,200 3,240 6,298 7,155 7,346 6,849	3.2% 3.1% 3.0% 3.9% 5.1% 6.8% 7.6% 7.0% 7.1%
2013	13,301	314,582	23,651	35.5	6,982	5.9%

Sources: Population, per capita income and median age information provided by the United States Census Bureau. School enrollment information was provided by the Judson Independent School District and Alamo Colleges. Unemployment rate was provided by the Texas Workforce Commission.

^{*2010} census will not be released until February 2011.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 15

		2013	3	2004			
			PERCENTAGE	,		PERCENTAGE	
			OF TOTAL CITY			OF TOTAL CITY	
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT	
HEB Food Stores	20,000	1	1.95%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
USAA	17,000	2	1.66	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Northside ISD	12,751	3	1.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	
City of San Antonio	11,731	4	1.14	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Northeast ISD	10,522	5	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Methodist Healthcare	8,000	6	0.78	N/A	N/A	N/A	
San Antonio ISD	7,374	7	0.72	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Bill Miller Bar-B-Q	4,190	8	0.41	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Cullen/Frost Bankers	3,982	9	0.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Valero Energy	3,777	10	0.37	N/A	N/A	N/A	
TOTALS	99,327		9.69%				

Source: San Antonio Economic Development Foundation.

The City of Live Oak, Texas is surrounded by the City of San Antonio. The above data is for San Antonio.

^{*}Information from nine years ago not available.

	2013	<u> </u>
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	RANK
RBFCU	763	1
NE Methodist Hospital	750	2
Judson ISD	331	3
Northeast Lakeview College	322	4
Jordan Ford	233	5
Gunn Chevrolet	201	6
Kohls	154	7
Target	150	8
World Car	150	9
Home Depot	130	10
	3,184	

Source: City of Live Oak, Texas

The above data is for the City of Live Oak and is for informational purposes only.

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

FUNCTION	2004	2005	2006	2007
Police				
Traffic Violations	7,754	7,437	6,684	7,445
Arrests	860	876	910	768
Fire				
Fire Calls	386	332	342	257
EMS Calls	650	675	867	804
Inspections	6,552	7,273	8,088	5,268
Public Works				
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	* €	6.80	10.60	
Sidewalk Construction (Feet)	6,800	7,920	13,200	13,202
Water				
Service Connections	2,291	2,345	2,441	2,540
Average Daily Consumption in Gallons				
Pumpage	1,019,627	1,120,530	1,353,442	1,380,510
Billing	1,021,189	1,207,728	1,141,371	1,198,440
Average	1,020,408	1,164,129	1,247,407	1,309,777
Sewage				
Service Connections	3,334	3,535	3,690	3,890
Average Daily Treatment of Gallons	947,143	916,584	1,076,572	1,108,869

Source: Various City Departments

TABLE 16

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
•						
6,637	3,302	3,268	4,562	4,367	2,425	
551	591	614	484	534	545	
228	431	278	596	284	373	
904	914	1,102	1,041	1,197	1,166	
4,648	3,163	541	95	239	206	
8.20	2.27	7.40	0.50	0.10		
11,509	14,092	8,290	5,423	2,890	1,906	
2,582	2,597	2,537	2,611	2,689	2,696	
2,302	2,337	2,337	2,011	2,005	2,050	
1,011,153	997,801	998,507	1,076,258	1,042,873	1,057,638	
1,002,776	989,686	999,608	1,090,771	1,029,259	1,039,478	
1,006,964	988,250	999,057	1,083,514	1,036,066	1,048,558	
4,172	4,290	4,270	4,435	4,550	4,589	
1,355,748	1,284,610	837,573	1,245,783	1,134,022	1,203,647	

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 17

FUNCTION	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008				2012	2013
Police - Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	Ĩ	1	ì	1
Officers (Including Reserves)	33	37	35	1 34	31	35	36	35	35	38
Fire										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Firefighters (Including Reserves)	29	30	30	31	20	20	22	23	22	22
Culture and Recreation										
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Swimming Pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Miles of Streets	40.00	41.20	43.20	45.20	45.20	45.20	45.20	45.20	45.20	45.20
Water										
Miles of Water Mains	26.4	27.0	28.0	29.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	35.0	35.0
Number of Hydrants	245	260	280	295	300	435	436	436	436	436
Sewer										
Miles of Sanitary Sewers	35	38	40	42	43	43	43	43	43	43
Feet of Storm Sewers	11,000	11,000	11,000	13,200	13,200	13,200	13,200	13,400	13,400	13,400

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF LIVE OAK, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 18

FUNCTION	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Government										
Business Office	12	11	11	12	12	11	9	11	12	10
Finance	2	2	2	3	4	4	4	5	5	5
Manager	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1
Police										
Officers	25	25	25	31	30	31	32	32	32	32
Civilians	14	13	14	14	14	14	14	15	15	15
Fire										
Civilians	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5
Firefighters and Officers	19	18	18	18	17	20	20	20	20	20
Public Works	16	15	11	14	17	11	12	12	11	10
Development	1	1	1	1	5	3	4	3.5	3.5	3.5
Parks	7	8	7	6	5	7	6	6	7	7
Water and Sewer	13	12	12	8	8	13	13	13	13	16
Civic Center			-		-	3	3	3	3	3.5
TOTALS	<u>115</u>	111	<u>107</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>116</u>	121	<u>121</u>	<u>120</u>	124.5	<u>124.5</u>

Source: City Annual Budget.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANICAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Live Oak, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Live Oak, Texas, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Live Oak, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABIP, PC

Certified Public Accountants

San Antonio, Texas

January 22, 2014